County of Santa Clara

Department of Planning and Development Planning Office

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STAFF REPORT **Zoning Administration** July 30, 2020

Item #1

Staff contact: Mark J. Connolly, Senior Planner (408) 299-5786, mark.connolly@pln.sccgov.org

PLN18-11011 (Sheikh Subdivision)

Tentative Parcel Map for a two-lot Subdivision.

Summary: Tentative Parcel Map to subdivide a 10.00-gross-acre parcel into two lots of five gross-acres, respectively.

Owner:

Khalil Sheikh

General Plan Designation: Agricultural Ranchlands

Applicant:

Address:

Amanda Musy-Verdel

11014 Columbet Ave

San Martin, CA 95046 Lot size: 10-acre gross

APN: 830-20-016 Present Land Use: Agriculture

HCP: Area3. Rural Residential Not Covered **Supervisorial District**: 1

RECOMMENDED ACTIONS

- A. Adopt a Negative Declaration pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as shown in Attachment A; and,
- B. Grant Tentative Parcel Map Approval, subject to the Conditions of Approval outlined in Attachment B.

Zoning: RR-5ac.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A – Initial Study/Negative Declaration

Attachment B – Proposed Subdivision Conditions of Approval

Attachment C – Location & Vicinity Map

Attachment D – Tentative Parcel Map

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed project is subdivision of a 10-acre parcel into two lots. The subject property is located on the east side of Columbet Avenue in San Martin, approximately 500 feet northeast of Masten Avenue, and approximately a half mile east of State Route 101 (see Attachment C). The parcel (Assessor's Parcel Number 830-20-016) is located within the RR-5ac (Rural Residential, with a minimum lot size combining district of 5 acres) zoning district. The proposed subdivision would divide the existing 10-acre (gross) parcel into two lots, each measuring 5 gross acres. Building Site Approval would be conferred through conditions of approval on both lots being created.

Conceptual single-family residential building sites are shown on the tentative map (Attachment D. In addition to single-family residences, future development could include accessory dwelling units, driveways, fire truck turnarounds, leach fields and landscaping on each lot. The future residences on each lot would be served by on-site wastewater systems and ground-water wells. For feasibility, a shared well with an easement is shown, but individual wells could also be proposed at the time of development.

Minor grading associated with the driveway encroachments are proposed subdivision improvements, but do not exceed the thresholds for requiring a grading approval / permit. Grading associated with the future building site improvements on each lot would require individual grading approval prior to issuance of development permits. Conceptual grading quantities are 121 cubic yards of total cut and 388 cubic yards of total fill for Parcel A and 198 cubic yards of total cut and 273 cubic yards of total fill for Parcel B. Development would not require removal of existing trees.

Setting/Location Information

The 10-acre site is located on Columbet Avenue, within the unincorporated community of San Martin, in southern Santa Clara County. The site is currently undeveloped and has recently been used for row crops in conjunction with the neighboring property to the south, which was once in common ownership. However, the parcel is not restricted by a Williamson Act Contract. The property is relatively flat (average slope of 5%). Several single-family residences exist on surrounding properties, as well as open space and farmland properties.

The site is located within a liquefaction Geologic hazard area; however, no creeks/water bodies are in the immediate vicinity of the site. The site is within the Airport Influence Area (AIA) of the San Martin Airport, but outside primary safety zones and noise contours. The site is located within the Santa Clara County Habitat Conservation Area, within Area 3, and is not a covered project under the County's Santa Clara Valley Habitat Plan (SCVHP).

REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATION

A. Environmental Review and Determination (CEOA)

The environmental impacts of the project have been evaluated in the Negative Declaration prepared by staff for the project entitled "Sheikh Subdivision" (Attachment A). The Negative Declaration concluded that the project would not create any adverse environmental impacts. As required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), a Notice of Intent to adopt the

Negative Declaration was posted with the County Clerk Recorder on June 1, 2020. As of the preparation of this Staff Report, no comments on the Initial Study/Negative Declaration have been received. Staff is recommending that the Hearing Officer adopt the Negative Declaration as part of this project approval.

B. Project/Proposal

The project consists of a Tentative Parcel Map approval to subdivide an existing 10-acre parcel into two (2) lots measuring 5-gross-acres each.

C. Subdivision Ordinance

This subdivision application has been reviewed in accordance with the required Findings in Section C12-122 of the County Ordinance Code Subdivisions and Land Development Ordinance and the State Subdivision Map Act. Pursuant to these standards, the Zoning Administration Hearing Officer shall deny approval of a tentative or final parcel map if any of the following seven (7) findings can be made. In the following discussion, the scope of review criteria is in **bold**, and an explanation of how the project does or does not meet the required standard in plain text below.

1. That the proposed map is not consistent with applicable general and specific plans.

The proposed Tentative Parcel Map would result in the division of an existing 10-gross-acre parcel into two lots, measuring five acres each. The subject property is located on Columbet Avenue, within the community of San Martin. The General Plan designation for the property is Rural Residential, which is intended for low density development and uses.

There are no Specific Plans applicable to the proposed subdivision. The San Martin Integrated Design Plan and Guidelines include clustering guidelines for large rural residential subdivisions, but the subject project is only a two-lot subdivision. However, future residential development would be subject to the San Martin Integrated Design Plan and Guidelines for consistency with the rural character of San Martin.

The 2-lot subdivision is in conformance with Rural Residential General Plan designation. The minimum parcel size is prescribed as five acres gross. As the existing parcel size is 10.00 acres gross, the maximum number of allowed parcels created through subdivision would be two lots. Since the proposed subdivision is within the allowed number of lots and at five acres each, the subdivision would be consistent with the General Plan density.

General Plan Policy R-LU 58 states the allowable density of development shall be 5–20 acres per dwelling, depending upon the average slope of the land, as based upon the County's "-5-20s" slope density formula (see table below). Minimum parcel size shall be 5 acres, unless development is proposed as a cluster subdivision. The subject property has a prescribed density of 5 acres minimum for creation, as opposed to a slope density. However, the proposed subdivision is in conformance with this General Plan density policy.

The proposed two-lot subdivision will not change the rural character of the area and will comply with density requirements of development for the area.

The proposed Tentative Map is found to be consistent with the requirements of the County's Solar Access for Subdivision Development ordinance, Division C12. Pursuant to Section C12-173.3. (d), solar access easements are not required for lots equal or greater than one acre. At five gross acres, respectively, the proposed lot sizes have adequate solar access for potential buildings constructed in the future, and future development will not be detrimental to solar access of any neighboring properties.

As such, the proposed subdivision is consistent with applicable General Plan.

2. That the design or improvements of the proposed subdivision is not consistent with applicable general and specific plans.

The project is consistent with lot design criteria for subdivisions outlined in Section C12-21 of the County Ordinance Code and demonstrates adequate size and shape characteristics to support future single-family residential uses. Both proposed lots have frontage on the county maintained Columbet Avenue. Proposed lots meet or exceed the recommended maximum depth to width ratio of three-to-one.

Minor grading associated with the driveway encroachments are proposed subdivision improvements, but do not exceed the thresholds for requiring a grading approval / permit.

As such, the design of the proposed subdivision is consistent with applicable general and specific plans.

3. That the site is not physically suitable for the type of development.

The average slope of the subject property is less than 10%. There are no geologic hazards that would preclude development. The site would still have adequate ingress and egress for emergency purposes and well water feasibility has been demonstrated. As proposed 5-acre lots, the site can reasonably accommodate residential development and the subdivision improvements

Therefore, the site is physically suitable for the type of development.

4. That the site is not physically suitable for the proposed density of development.

The proposed Tentative Parcel Map would result in the division of an existing 10-gross acre parcel into two (2) 5-acregross lots.

General Plan policy R-LU-58 and Zoning Ordinance Section 2.20.080 prescribes that the minimum lot size for creation of a new lot is five acres gross. The proposed lot sizes are consistent with the General Plan and County Zoning Ordinance requirements and the

proposed subdivision meets the minimum lot size required, resulting in a density of one dwelling unit per five acres.

As such, the site is physically suitable for the proposed density of development, and Staff cannot make this finding.

5. That the design of the subdivision or the proposed improvements are likely to cause substantial environmental damage or substantially and avoidably injure fish or wildlife or their habitat.

The project site is located in the Santa Clara Valley Habitat Plan ("SCVHP") Area, but is located in Area 3 of the plan, and is not a covered project, based on the absence of habitat or species. There are no special status species of plant or animal mapped on the site according to County G.I.S maps, nor is sufficient habitat located on site, as the property has been tilled for agriculture. Also, no trees would be affected by subdivision.

As such, the proposed subdivision is not likely to cause substantial environmental impacts or injure fish, wildlife, or their habitat, and Staff cannot make this finding.

6. That the design of the *subdivision* or the type of improvements is likely to cause serious public health problems.

The County Fire Marshal's Office has reviewed the subdivision emergency vehicle access for fire protection and fire prevention. Furthermore, the subject property is not located within the Wildland Urban Interface (WUI). Also, the subject property is not located in a mapped flood zone.

The project site only has access to electricity and telephone. No other utilities are available at this time. Development would require construction of a new septic system to treat wastewater, and septic system design would be reviewed by the County Department of Environmental Health to ensure that they do not permit effluent to surface, degrade water quality, affect soil stability, present a threat to public health or safety, or create a public nuisance. Water is currently provided to the project site by a well and any future development would be provided by onsite well.

While no development is proposed as part of this project, future residential development is a reasonably foreseeable outcome of the proposed subdivision. The construction and installation of improvements, including a single-family residence, accessory dwelling(s) and driveway would not create significant, long-term traffic, noise or air quality impacts. The project will result in short-term impacts related to construction activities, however, due to their temporary nature, construction-related impacts would not cause serious or long-term public health problems.

As such, neither the design of the subdivision nor the types of improvements that could result from future development of the proposed parcels are likely to cause serious public health problems, and Staff cannot make this finding.

7. That the design of the *subdivision* or the type of improvements will conflict with easements, acquired by the public at large, for access through, or use of, property within the proposed *subdivision*.

The submitted Tentative Parcel Map shows all existing easements on the subject property, including storm drain easements, utility easements and a the Columbet Avenue right-of-way. A review of all available maps and the submitted Tentative Map by Staff confirms that the design of the subdivision will not conflict with any existing easements on the property. Additionally, the proposed parcels are large enough to accommodate building sites that would not conflict with any existing easements on the property. Access to proposed parcels is from Columbet Avenue, which is a county-maintained road. As such, the proposed subdivision will not conflict with easements, acquired by the public at large, for access through, or use of property within the proposed subdivision, and Staff cannot make this finding.

As noted in the above findings, Staff cannot make any of the seven subdivision findings that, if made, would require the Zoning Administration Hearing Officer to deny the proposed subdivision. Staff therefore recommends that the Zoning Administration Hearing Officer approve the proposed Tentative Map subdivision, subject to the Conditions of Approval in Attachment B.

BACKGROUND

On May 6, 2018 an application for a two-lot Tentative Parcel Map was submitted, which was subsequently deemed complete on March 2, 2020. In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), an Initial Study, and subsequent Negative Declaration was prepared and posted on June 1, 2020. Staff did not receive any comments as a result of the publication of the Initial Study/Negative Declaration.

A public notice for the public hearing before the Zoning Administration Hearing Officer was mailed to all property owners within a 300-feet radius of the subject property on July 17, 2020, and published in the Post Record on July 20, 2020.

STAFF REPORT REVIEW

Prepared by: Mark J. Connolly, Senior Planner

Reviewed by: Leza Mikhail, Principal Planner & Zoning Administrator

ATTACHMENT A

Initial Study/Negative Declaration

INITIAL STUDY

Environmental Checklist and Evaluation for the County of Santa Clara

File Number:	PLN18-11011	Date: May 29, 2020
Project Type:	Subdivision	APN(s): 830-20-016
Project Location	500 feet Northeast of the corner of	GP Designation: Rural Residential
/ Address:	Columbet and Masten Avenue	Gr Designation: Kurai Kesidentiai
Owner's Name:	Khalil Sheikh	Zoning: RR-5ac.
Applicant's Name:	Hannah and Brunetti	Urban Service Area: NONE

Project Description

The proposed project is subdivision of a 10-acre parcel into two lots. The subject property is located on the east side of Columbet Avenue in San Martin approximately 500 feet northeast of Masten Avenue and approximately half miles east of State Route 101 (see Figure 1). The parcel (assessor's parcel number 830-20-016) is located within the RR-5ac (Rural Residential, with a minimum lot size combining district of 5 acre) zoning district. The proposed subdivision would divide the existing 10acre (gross) parcel into two lots each of 5 gross acres. Per County Ordinance, approval of the subdivision would grant Building Site Approval on both lots being created. Conceptual singlefamily residential building sites are shown on the tentative map (Figure 2). In addition to singlefamily residences, future development could include accessory dwelling units, driveways, fire truck turnarounds, leach fields and landscaping on each lot. The future residences on each lot would be served by on-site wastewater systems and ground-water wells. For feasibility, a shared well with an easement is shown, but individual wells could also be proposed at the time of development. Minor grading associated with the driveway encroachments are proposed subdivision improvements. Grading associated with the future building site improvements on each lot would require individual grading approval prior to issuance of development permits. Conceptual quantities are 121 cubic yards of total cut and 388 cubic yards of total fill for Parcel A and 198 cubic yards of total cut and 273 cubic yards of total fill for Parcel B. Development would not require removal of existing trees.

Environmental Setting and Surrounding Land Uses

The 10-acre site is located on Columbet Road, within the unincorporated community of San Martin in southern Santa Clara County. The site is currently undeveloped and has recently been used for row crops in conjunction with the neighboring property to the south, which was once in common ownership. However, the parcel is not restricted by a Williamson Act Contract. The property is relatively flat (average slope of 5%). Several single-family residences exist on surrounding properties, as well as open space and farmland properties.

The site is within a liquefaction hazard area? Closest creek/water body? Within the AIA of the San Martin airport?

Other agencies sent a copy of this document:

Morgan Hill Unified School District



Figure 1 – Location Map

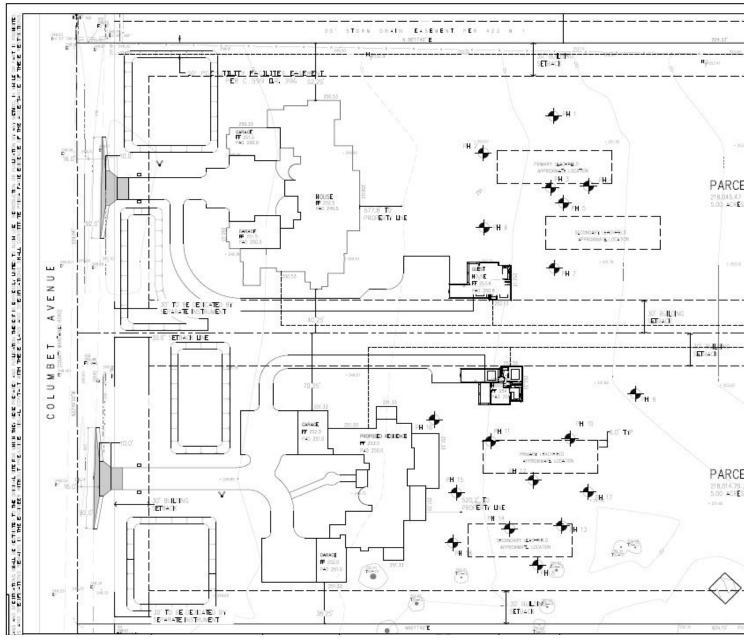


Figure 2 – Proposed Tentative Map

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED

The proposed project could potentially result in one or more environmental effects in the following areas:

☐ Aesthetics	Agriculture / Forest Resource	es
☐ Biological Resource	☐ Cultural Resources	☐ Energy
Geology/Soils	☐ Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards & HazardousMaterials
⊠ Hydrology / Water Quality	☐ Land Use / Planning	☐ Mineral Resources
☐ Noise	Population / Housing	☐ Public Services
☐ Recreation	⊠ Transportation	☐ Tribal Cultural Resources
☐ Utilities / Service Systems	☐ Wildfire	☐ Mandatory Findings of Significance
DETERMINATION: (To be completed on the basis of this initial evaluation		
☐ I find that the proposed project C DECLARATION will be prepared.	OULD NOT have a significant effect on	the environment, and a NEGATIVE
		the environment, there will not be a by or agreed to by the project proponent. A
significant effects (a) have been analy applicable standards, and (b) have be	yzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEC en avoided or mitigated pursuant to that o	
☐ I find that the proposed project M IMPACT REPORT is required.	IAY have a significant effect on the envi	ronment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL
mitigated" impact on the environment pursuant to applicable legal standards		
Mark J. Com	oller -	5/28/20
Signature		Date
Mark J Connolly		
Printed name	$\overline{\mathbf{F}}$	For

ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST AND DISCUSSION OF IMPACTS

A.	AESTHETICS								
			IMPACT						
Res	eept as provided in Public sources Code section 21099, uld the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> <u>Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source	
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes			2,3,4, 6,17f	
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rocks, outcroppings, and historic buildings, along a designated scenic highway?							3, 6,7 17f	
c)	In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point.) If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?							2,3	
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?							3,4	

SETTING:

The project site is located in a valley floor setting and is mostly flat with an average slope of less than 10%. The property was formerly used as farmland for row crops but is devoid of vegetation currently. Two small trees exist to the north of the site. No watercourses run through the property. There are no designated scenic highways in the project vicinity.

DISCUSSION:

a, b, c and d) No Impact. The project is a 2-lot subdivision. No residences or development is proposed with the subdivision. The only subdivision improvements are driveway encroachments from the public right-of-way for future driveways. Future single-family residences, Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU's) and accessory structures could be developed on the lots. The site is not located within a Design Review district or along a designated scenic road. Therefore, the project could not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista or substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings. The nearest designated scenic highway is US 101, however, it is not within the project vicinity, as it is almost one mile away.

The two new single-family residences resulting in the future would not create adverse visual impacts as they would meet the standards for height, setback, and coverage requirements of the Rural

Residential zoning district. New sources of light and glare would be limited to future residential development on the parcels. Given the limited nature of residential outdoor lighting (e.g., illumination of pathways and doors) and the fact that the area is sparsely developed, the proposed project would not create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area

MITIGATION: None required.

В.	AGRICULTURE / FOREST RES	DURCES								
Call an o incl Dep Ass	ifornia Agricultural Land Evaluation an optional model to use in assessing impuding timberland, are significant environartment of Forestry and Fire Protection	d Site Asse pacts on ago onmental ef on regarding by Assessm	al resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as cts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, mental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in kir Resources Board.							
			IMPACT							
	ULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Incorporated Incorporated Impact Impact Impact Incorporated Impact							
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?							3,23,24,26		
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use?							9,21a		
c)	Conflict with an existing Williamson Act Contract or the County's Williamson Act Ordinance (Section C13 of County Ordinance Code)?									
d)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?							1, 28		
e)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?							32		

The 10-acre site is zoned RR-5ac, which is a base zoning designation of Rural Residential with a five-acre minimum lot size for creation. Approximately, 3.5 of the 10 acre-site has soil types designated as Prime Farmland, and the remaining 6.5 acres is designated as non-Prime Farmland as shown on Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program maps from the California Department of Conservation. The property is not under a Williamson Act contract. There are no forest resources on the project site.

DISCUSSION:

(a,b,) Less Than Significant Impact. The project is a two-lot subdivision. Future residential development could include two single family residences and ADUs with associated site improvements. The project site has approximately 3.5-acres of designated Prime Farmland, as shown on Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program maps; therefore, the proposed project would result in very low density and not convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to non-agricultural uses. Furthermore, the project would not affect existing agricultural operations on surrounding properties. The property is not under a Williamson Act contract and contains no forest resources.

(c,d,e,) No Impact. The site is not restricted by a Williamson Act contract, is not farmed and is not forested.

MITIGATION:

None required.

C.	AIR QUALITY							
	nere available, the significance criteria e trict may be relied upon to make the fol			cable air qu	ality man	agement d	listrict or air pollutio	n control
					IMP	ACT		
WC	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> <u>Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?							5,29, 30
b)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?							5,29, 30
c)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?							5,29, 30
d)	Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?							5, 29, 30

The proposed project is located within the San Francisco Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD), which regulates air pollutants, including those that may be generated by construction and operation of development projects. These so-called criteria pollutants include reactive organic gases, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide, and particulate matter (PM). BAAQMD also regulates toxic air contaminants (fine particulate matter), long-term exposure to which is linked with respiratory conditions and increased risk of cancer. Major sources of toxic air contaminants in the Bay Area include major automobile and truck transportation corridors (e.g., freeways and expressways) and stationary sources (e.g. factories, refineries, power plants).

DISCUSSION:

a-d) No Impact.

Construction and operation of residential uses enabled by approval of the subdivision would generate emissions of oxides of nitrogen (NOx), reactive organic gases (ROG), and respirable particulate matter with an aerodynamic resistance diameter of 10 micrometers or less (PM_{10}). BAAQMD has developed screening criteria for these criteria pollutants and precursors derived using the default assumptions used by the Urban Land Use Emissions Model (URBEMIS). If all of the screening criteria are met by a proposed project, then the lead agency or applicant would not need to perform a detailed air quality assessment of their project's air pollutant emissions.

The operational criteria pollutant screening size for single-family residential projects established by BAAQMD is 325 dwelling units. The construction-related screening level is 56 dwelling units. As this is a proposed two-lot subdivision, with the potential for construction of six dwelling units (two primary and two accessory dwelling units (ADU) and 2 Junior ADU's), future home development would be well below either of these screening levels. Therefore, the proposed subdivision would not lead to a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment. Residential development is not a land use that would result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people.

MITIGATION:

None Required

D.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES							
					IMP	ACT		
wc	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?							1, 7, 17b, 17o
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?							3,7, 8a, 17b, 17e, 22d, 22e, 33
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?							3, 7, 17n, 33
d)	Have a substantial adverse effect on oak woodland habitat as defined by Oak Woodlands Conservation Law (conversion/loss of oak woodlands) – Public Resource Code 21083.4?							1, 3, 31, 32
e)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?							1,7, 17b, 17o
f)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?							32
g)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan?							3,4, 171

The project site is located in the valley floor of the community of San Martin in an area of small-scale farming and rural residential development. The site is located in the Santa Clara Valley Habitat Plan (SCVHP) Area, but the parcel is designated *Rural Development Not Covered*. The land cover is designated as Grain, Row-crop, Hay and Pasture, Disked / Short-term Fallowed.

DISCUSSION:

a, b, c, d, e & f) No Impact. The SCVHP has identified no sensitive land covers on site or in the surrounding area with the exception of a zone of *Mixed Riparian Forest and Woodland* along Church Creek 300-500 feet west of the parcel. Based on a review of the California Natural Diversity Database ("CNDDB"), the site does not contain and is not in the vicinity of habitats for special status species or siting of such species. Therefore, the proposed project would not have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species or on state or federally protected wetlands or oak woodlands. The project site contains no wildlife corridors. Although the project site is within the SCVHP area, it is not a covered project. Residential development would not conflict with provisions of the plan.

MITIGATION: None required.

E.	CULTURAL RESOURCES							
					IMP	ACT		
wc	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> <u>Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to §15064.5 of the CEQA Guidelines, or the County's Historic Preservation Ordinance (Division C17 of County Ordinance Code) – including relocation, alterations or demolition of historic resources?							3, 16, 19, 40, 41
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5 of the CEQA Guidelines?							3, 19, 40, 41
c)	Disturb any human remains including, those interred outside of formal cemeteries?							3, 19, 40, 41

The site is undeveloped and contains no structures. Church Creek is located 300-500 feet west of the parcel.

DISCUSSION:

a, b, c, d) No Impact. The site is vacant and therefore has no structures listed on local, State, or Federal historic inventories. There are no cultural resources listed in the County Historic Resources Database on the subject property or surrounding area. Therefore, the proposed project would have no impact on historic, paleontological or unique geologic resources.

Standard conditions of approval associated with the subdivision improvements and for future development would include the following:

COA-1: In the event that prehistoric traces (human remains, artifacts, concentrations of shell/bone/rock/ash) are encountered during construction activities, all construction within a 50-meter radius of the find shall be stopped, the Planning Department notified, and an archaeologist retained to examine the find and make appropriate recommendations.

COA-2: In the event that human skeletal remains are encountered, the applicant is required by County Ordinance No. B6-18 to immediately notify the County Coroner. Upon determination by the County Coroner that the remains are Native American, the coroner shall contact the California Native American Heritage Commission, pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code and the County Coordinator of Indian affairs. No further disturbance of the site shall be made except as authorized by the County Coordinator of Indian Affairs in accordance with the provisions of state law and this chapter. If artifacts are found on the site, a qualified archaeologist shall be contacted along with the County Planning Office. No further disturbance of the artifacts may be made except as authorized by the County Planning Department.

MITIGATION:

None required.

F.	ENERGY							
					IMP	ACT		
wo	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source
a)	Result in potentially significant environmental impact do to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary construction of energy resources during project consumption or operation?							3, 5
b)	Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?							5

The project site is located in an area of rural residential development.

DISCUSSION:

a, b) Less than Significant Impact.

The proposed subdivision would enable development of two single family residences, two ADUs and two Junior ADU's. Construction of these dwellings would be subject to the requirements of the California Energy Code and California Green Building Standards Code, which are designed to reduce wasteful, inefficient or unnecessary consumption of energy resources during project construction or operation. Therefore, the impact to energy resources would be less-than significant.

G.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS							
		IMPACT						
W	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source
a)	Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury or death involving:							
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.							6, 17c, 43
	ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				\boxtimes			6, 17c
	iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?							6, 17c, 17n, 18b
	iv) Landslides				\boxtimes			6, 17L, 118b
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?							6, 14, 23, 24
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?							2, 3, 17c, 23, 24, 42

G.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS								
			IMPACT						
W	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> <u>Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source	
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in the report, <i>Soils of Santa Clara County</i> , creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?							14,23, 24,	
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?							3,6, 23,24,	
f)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?							2,3,4,40,41	

The 10-acre project site is flat. A small area in the southwest portion of the parcel is mapped as a County Liquefaction Hazard Zone. Preliminary development plans demonstrate that future development could avoid a geologic impact, by located future structures (main house and accessory buildings) outside of these areas.

DISCUSSION:

- **a-f) No Impact.** The site is not within a designated State Earthquake Fault Zones, State Seismic Hazard Zone or the County or State liquification zone.
- c) Less than significant impact. The property is partially located in the County Liquefaction Hazard Zone. However, residential development can occur subject to recommendations of a liquefaction report that was prepared by Achievement Engineering Corp. dated June 1, 2019 and reviewed and accepted by the County Geologist. Given these requirements and the flat nature of the project site, the proposed project would not potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse

At the time of development, percolation tests and soil profiles would be conducted for each proposed parcel, and this data will be reviewed by County Department of Environmental Health (DEH) ensuring that the soils are capable of supporting a septic system which meets County DEH requirements. For any future proposed site improvements subject to a grading approval, as well as grading, drainage and building permits, the grading plan will be reviewed for conformance to the County's Grading Manual and BMPs, ensuring that no over-compaction or over-covering of soil will occur.

Compliance with the geotechnical engineering conditions of approval, County DEH requirements and the County's Grading Ordinance Policies and Standards would reduce any potential impacts to less-than-significant level.

MITIGATION:

No mitigation is required.

Н.	GREENHOUSE GAS EMMISSI	ONS							
			IMPACT						
wo	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source	
a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?							5,29, 30	
b)	Conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?							5,29, 30	

SETTING:

Given the overwhelming scope of global climate change, it is not anticipated that a single development project for a two-lot subdivision would have an individually discernible effect on global climate change. It is more appropriate to conclude that the greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions generated by a proposed project would combine with emissions across the state, nation, and globe to cumulatively contribute to global climate change. The primary GHG emissions associated with a development project is carbon dioxide, which is directly generated by fuel combustion (vehicle trips, use of natural gas for buildings) and indirectly generated by use of electricity.

DISCUSSION:

a,b) No Impact. The proposed project would allow development of two single family residences and two ADUs and two JADU's. This level of residential development is de minimis in nature and therefore would not generate GHG emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment. The County does not have an applicable plan or policy with regard to reducing GHG emissions. Therefore, there would be no conflict.

MITIGATION:

None Required

I.	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MA	TERIALS						
					IMP	ACT		
wo	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> <u>Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	Source
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?							1, 3, 4, 5
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?							2, 3, 5
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within 1/4 mile of an existing or proposed school?							46
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?							47
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan referral area or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, or in the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard, or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?							3, 22a
f)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?							5, 48
g)	Expose people or structures either directly or indirectly to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?							4, 17g

The project is located within two miles of San Martin Airport and is within the Airport Influence Area (AIA) of the airport. The subject property is also located within the Wildland Urban Interface (WUI).

DISCUSSION:

a, b, c, d, & f) No impact. The project is for a two-lot subdivision. Future residential development would not involve the use or transportation of any hazardous materials and it is not located on site designated as hazardous under Section 65962.5, as verified on EnviroStor.

The subject property is located within a rural area and would not change the local roadway circulation pattern, access, or otherwise physically interfere with local emergency response plans. Access to the project site is from an existing public County maintained road and will not impair or physically interfere with any emergency response or evacuation plans.

e and g) Less than significant impact. While the site is located within the AIA of San Martin Airport, the project site is not located within any safety zone, or noise contour that could result in exposing people to aviation incidences. Also, two future residences with a 35-foot tall height limit, would not create a height obstruction to aircraft using the Airport. Future residential development will be required to record an Avigation Easement granted to the County of Santa Clara on behalf of San Martin Airport.

The subject property is not located within the Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) designation which indicates properties that are more likely to experience wildfires. However, future residential development, if proposed, would be required to abide by existing State Fire and Building Codes which specify certain design and material standards for any structure within the County.

Future residential development would be subject to requirements of the County Fire Marshal's Office and the Building Code requirements for fire protection and fire prevention, which may include, but not be limited to, providing on-site fire flow, a fire hydrant, an automatic fire sprinkler system, defensible space around structures, and appropriate driveway turnouts and turnarounds for firefighting equipment. The proposed access driveway would conform to all requirements of the Fire Marshal's Office for emergency vehicle access. Fire protection water would be provided by an approved water well and stored in water tanks to provide a ready source, if needed.

Adherence to these design and material requirements ensures that the proposed residence, and any future development on the proposed parcels, will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland or other fires. Hence, this impact would be less than significant.

MITIGATION:

None required.

J. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALIT	Υ						
				IMPACT			
Would the project:	Potentiall Y Significan t Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE
Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or							34, 36

b)	otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable				3, 4
c)	groundwater management of the basin? Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:				3, 17n,
i)	Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site		\boxtimes		3 , 17p
II)	Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite;				1, 3, 5, 36, 21a
III)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or				1, 3, 5
IV)	Impede or redirect flood flows?		\boxtimes		3, 17p, 18b, 18d
d)	In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?				3, 18b, 18d
e)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?				2, 3, 4, 17p

No watercourses run through the property and the property is not located in a FEMA Flood Zone.

DISCUSSION:

d-e) No impact. The project site is not located in a tsunami, or seiche zones. No development is proposed within any flood zones. Future development of two single-family residences would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan.

a-c) Less than Significant Impact. The proposed project is a two-lot subdivision. Future development of residences would require permitting from County DEH, in accordance with the County Ordinance for an on-site wastewater treatment system to ensure that no water quality standards are violated through discharge of wastewater to the ground.

Water supply would come from either an individual or a shared on-site well. However, since the area is sparsely populated with minimal pumping from groundwater, development of a well on the resulting lots would not impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin. Residential development on the lots would require a drainage permit, which would ensure that drainage in the area is not substantially altered and runoff water would be contained on site, and not discharged to creeks.

MITIGATION: None required.

K.	LAND USE									
			IMPACT							
wo	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE		
a)	Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes			2, 4		
b)	Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?							8a, 9, 18a		

The subject property's General Plan designation is

Rural Residential, and zoning is Rural Residential with a five-acre minimum combining district (RR-5ac.).

The parcels adjacent to the subject property are primarily residential, or agriculture. Surrounding uses include properties of similar size.

DISCUSSION:

The proposed two-lot subdivision, as conditioned, would be consistent with the County's General Plan and Zoning Ordinance. The General Plan for Rural Residential areas (R-LU 58) allows for densities between 5 and 20 acres depending on the site's average slope. The subject site has a minimum 5-acre lot size requirement, through a zoning district combining district as it is a relatively flat site. The 10-acre gross parcel would result in two lots, with a gross acreage of 5 lots each, and would this be consistent with this General Plan policy. The subject site is also within the San Martin Planning Area and is consistent with the applicable policies for this area (R-LU 136 – 140). The proposed two-lot subdivision would not divide an established community. No commercial, industrial or institutional uses are proposed.

MITIGATION: None required.

L.	MINERAL RESOURCES							
				IMPA	CT			
WC	OULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?							1, 2, 3, 6, 44
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local							1, 2, 3, 6, 8a

general plan, specific plan or other land	
use plan?	

DISCUSSION:

a-b) **No Impact.** Neither the State Geologist nor the State Mining and Geology Board has classified the proposed project area as containing mineral deposits which are either of statewide significance or the significance of which requires further evaluation. The site is also not located on locally important mineral resource recovery sites.

MITIGATION: None required

				IMPA	CTS			
wo	OULD THE PROJECT RESULT IN:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> <u>Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE
a)	Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?							8a, 13, 22a, 45
b)	Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			\boxtimes				13, 45
c)	For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan referral area or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport, public use airport, or private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?							1, 5, 22a

SETTING:

The project is a two-lot subdivision. Future development could include two single-family residences, ADUs and JADUs. Temporary construction noise would result from grading and construction activity. The nearest sensitive receptors to that noise surround the property as there are single-family residences surrounding the parcel on all sides but would not be harmful long-term. Local ambient noise comes from occasional traffic along Columbet and Masten Avenues.

DISCUSSION:

(a-c) Less than Significant Impact

County Noise Ordinance restricts exterior noise limits, for a cumulative period not to exceed more than 30 minutes in any hour, for one and two-family residential land uses at 45 dBA between 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. and 55 dBA between 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. The proposed use is residential, and would not create excess noise, vibration, or permanent increase in ambient noise levels. The project site is located within the AIA of San Martin Airport, but outside of any CNEL noise contours. Receptors may experience temporary disruptions as a result of single-event noise produced from aircraft, but the noise would not be long-term or harmful.

Construction of single-family residences would temporarily elevate noise levels in the immediate project area from the use of construction equipment. Construction noise could have a short-term impact on the nearest sensitive (residential) uses. However, noise levels would not exceed standards of the Santa Clara County Noise Ordinance. Noise impacts on the residential uses near the project site would be minimal and temporary. Therefore, the project would not create any significant noise impacts.

MITIGATION:

None required.

N. POPULATION AND HOUSING							
			IMPAC	Γ			
WOULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	<u>No</u> <u>Impact</u>	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?							1, 3, 4
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing or people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?							1, 2, 3, 4

SETTING:

The site is located in the unincorporated community of San Martin, which is rural residential area of Santa Clara County, with a population of approximately 7,000 as of the 2010 census.

DISCUSSION:

a-b) No Impact. The proposed project is a two-lot subdivision. Future development of a single-family residence and accessory dwelling units would not induce substantial unplanned population growth or displace existing housing or people.

MITIGATION: None required.

O. PUBLIC SERVICES							
			IMP <i>A</i>	CT			
WOULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE
a) Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the following public services: i) Fire Protection? ii) Police Protection? iii) School facilities? iv) Parks?							1, 3, 5 1, 3, 5 1, 3, 5 1, 3, 5, 17h
v) Other public facilities?			\boxtimes				1, 3, 5

SETTING and DISCUSSION:

a) Less Than Significant. Future development of two single-family residences and two accessory dwelling units and JADUs on each lot, would increase the need for additional fire or police protection to the area. However, as two additional parcels, the impact would not be significant.

Other public services, such as provided by schools or parks, would not be significantly impacted.

MITIGATION: None required.

P. RECREATION							
			IMPA	CT			
WOULD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE
Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?							1, 2, 4, 5, 17h
Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have							1, 3, 4, 5

an adverse physical effect on the	
an adverse physical effect on the	
environment?	

The nearest County park is Coyote Harvey Bear approximately 3 miles to the northeast.

DISCUSSION:

a & b) Less than Significant. The proposed subdivision would allow future development of two single-family residences and two ADUs. This level of development would not significantly increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated, and would not require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on the environment; therefore, this impact would be less than significant.

MITIGATION: None required

					IMP	ACT		SOURCE
WC	OULD THE PROJECT:		YES				NO	
		Potentiall Y Significan t Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	
a)	Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?							1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 49, 52
b)	Conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?							6, 49, 50, 52
c)	Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?							3, 5, 6,7, 52
d)	Result in inadequate emergency access?							1, 3, 5, 48, 52

SETTING:

The proposed project is a two-lot subdivision; no development of either parcel is currently proposed.

DISCUSSION:

a-d) Less Than Significant. The proposed subdivision would allow future development of two single-family residences, two ADUs and two JADUs. The project area is semi-rural and the addition of trips from this potential development would not conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities. Access would be from Columbet Avenue directly, which is lightly traveled with good visibility in both directions. The proposed access driveways for future development either meet or have been

conditioned to meet the County's driveway access and safety standards. Therefore, potential residential development would not substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses, nor would it result in inadequate emergency access. The project would not be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b), or result in inadequate emergency access, because no traffic thresholds for vehicle miles travelled would be exceeded and the site has adequate emergency access room for vehicles.

MITIGATION: None Required

R. TI	RIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES							
				IMPA	CT			
WOU	LD THE PROJECT:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE
th re C fe g si p	ause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural esource, defined in Public Resources ode section 21074 as either a site, eature, place, cultural landscape that is eographically defined in terms of the ze and scope of the landscape, sacred ace, or object with cultural value to a alifornia Native American tribe, and that							
i.	Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or							
ii.	A resource determined by the lead agency.							
iii.	agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.							

DISCUSSION:

a) No Impact. The County has not received any letters from Native American tribes requesting tribal consultation per Public Resources Code, Section 21080.3.1(b) regarding the potential for a Native American tribal cultural resource located on or near the project site. Hence, there is no evidence to indicate the presence of a tribal cultural resource listed or eligible for listing in the California Register

of Historical Resources, or of significance pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. Therefore, the proposed two-lot subdivision would not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, and no mitigation measures would be necessary.

MITIGATION: None Required

			IMPACT						
WOULD THE PROJECT:		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE	
a)	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?							3,6,70	
b)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years							1, 3, 6,24b	
c)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has inadequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?							1, 3,6,70	
d)	Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?							1, 3, 5,6	
e)	Be in non-compliance with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?							3,5, 6	

SETTING:

The project area only has access to electricity and telephone. No other utilities are available.

DISCUSSION:

a-e) Less than significant. Because sanitary sewer service is not available, development of the lots would require construction of two new onsite wastewater systems to treat wastewater. At the time of development, system designs would be reviewed by the County Department of Environmental Health to ensure that they do not permit effluent to surface, degrade water quality, affect soil stability, present a threat to public health or safety, or create a public nuisance.

Future development on the site would be subject to stormwater regulations, including requirements for Low Impact Development, stormwater treatment, stormwater runoff retention, and hydromodification, as applicable to the specific development proposed.

Future development would be served either by individual wells or a shared onsite well. The Tentative Map development plans currently demonstrate a shared well with easements and mutual holding tanks. The site and area have been evaluated for adequate ground water supply. Also, the surrounding properties also are served with on-site wells and there are no known adverse impacts from agricultural, or residential wells.

Future construction activities for single family residential development would likely involve minimal amounts of debris that would need to be removed and disposed of, and existing landfill capacity would be enough to accommodate it. The project would not be in non-compliance with federal, state, local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The future on-site wastewater treatment system will be reviewed, permitted and inspected by the Department of Environmental Health.

MITIGATION: None Required

r. WILDFIRE									
	IMPACT								
If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Substantially Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE	
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?							1, 2, 3, 6, 44	
b)	Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?							1, 2, 3, 6,8a	
c)	Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?							1, 2, 4, 5, 17h	
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?							1, 3, 4, 5	

SETTING:

The project is for a two-lot subdivision. The subject property is not located within the Wildland Urban Interface (WUI). The project area is semi-rural in the community of San Martin.

DISCUSSION:

a-d) No Impact. Given the low population density and adequate road access, future potential development (one residence and an ADU and JADU on each resulting parcel) would not substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. The project site is not on a slope or subject to prevailing winds that expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire. Water tanks for fire protection would be required for a future development: thus, the project would not exacerbate fire risk or result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment. The proposed subdivision and any potential future residential development of Parcel 1 would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes.

MITIGATION: None required.

U. MANDATORY FINDING OF SIGNIFICANCE									
WOULD THE DOOLEDT:			\/F0		IMPACT			-	
WOULD THE PROJECT:		YES					NO Substantially		
		Potentially <u>Sig</u> nificant <u>Impact</u>	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Analyzed in the Prior EIR	Mitigated by Uniformly Applicable Development Policies	SOURCE	
a)	Have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?							1 to 52	
b)	Have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of an individual project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?							1 to 52	
c)	Have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?							1 to 52	

DISCUSSION:

(a, b) Less Than Significant Impact. As discussed in the impact sections above, impacts of the proposed project would be less than significant. The proposed project would not have the potential to substantially reduce the habitat of any fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number of, or restrict the range of, a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory.

While there are several non-residential projects within San Martin, that may have impacts that are either significant and unavoidable (for GHG emissions), or less than significant with mitigation (for Aesthetics, Noise, Traffic, Hydrology and Water Quality, that could result in cumulatively considerable impacts. However, as discussed in the analyses provided in this Initial Study, project impacts were found to be less than significant and the contribution of the proposed project to these cumulative impacts would not be considerable. Therefore, the incremental effects of the proposed project are not cumulatively significant when viewed in context of the past, current, and/or probable future projects and less than significant cumulative impacts would occur.

c) **No Impact.** The proposed project is a two-lot subdivision of a 10-acre site in a rural residential area. As described in the environmental topic sections of this Initial Study, the proposed project would not have environmental effects that would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

Initial Study Source List*

- 1. Environmental Information Form https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/EnvAss Form.pdf
- 2. Field Inspection
- **Project Plans**
- Working knowledge of site and conditions
- 5. Experience with other Projects of This Size and **Nature**
- 6. County Expert Sources:

Geologist

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/PlansOrdinance s/GeoHazards/Pages/Geology.aspx

Fire Marshal

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/AboutUs/Fire/P ages/Fire.aspx

Roads & Airports

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/rda/Pages/rda.aspx

Environmental Health

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/deh/Pages/deh.aspx

Land Development Engineering

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/AboutUs/LDE/P ages/LDE.aspx

Parks & Recreation

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/parks/Pages/Welco me-to-Santa-Clara-County-Parks.aspx

Zoning Administration,

Comprehensive Planning,

Architectural & Site Approval Committee Secretary

7. Agency Sources:

Santa Clara Valley Water District

https://www.valleywater.org/

Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority

http://www.vta.org/

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

https://openspace.org/

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

https://www.fws.gov/

CA Dept. of Fish & Game

https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/

Caltrans

https://dot.ca.gov/

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

https://www.usace.army.mil/

Regional Water Quality Control Board

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/Public Works Depts. of individual cities

Planning Depts. of individual cities:

Santa Clara County (SCC) General Plan

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/PlansOrdinance s/GP/Pages/GP.aspx

The South County Joint Area Plan

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/GP Book B.pdf

SCC Zoning Regulations (Ordinance) https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/ZonOrd.pdf

10. County Grading Ordinance

https://library.municode.com/ca/santa clara coun ty/codes/code of ordinances?nodeld=TITCCODE LAUS DIVC12SULADE CHIIIGRDR#TOPTITLE

11. SCC Guidelines for Architecture and Site Approval

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/ASA_Guidelines.pdf

- 12. SCC Development Guidelines for Design Review https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/DR Guidelines.pdf
- 13. County Standards and Policies Manual (Vol. I -Land Development) https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/StandardsPoliciesManual Vol1.pdf
- 14. Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (expansive soil regulations) [1994 version] http://digitalassets.lib.berkeley.edu/ubc/UBC 1994 v2.pdf
- 15. SCC Land Use Database
- 16. Santa Clara County Heritage Resource (including Trees) Inventory [computer database]
- 17. GIS Database
 - a. SCC General Plan Land Use, and Zoning
 - USFWS Critical Habitat & Riparian Habitat
 - Geologic Hazards
 - Archaeological Resources d.
 - Water Resources
 - Viewshed and Scenic Roads f
 - Fire Hazard
 - Parks, Public Open Space, and Trails
 - i. Heritage Resources - Trees
 - Topography, Contours, Average Slope j.
 - k.
 - HCP Data (habitat models, land use coverage etc)
 - m. Air photos
 - **USGS** Topographic n.
 - Dept. of Fish & Game, Natural Diversity Data
 - FEMA Flood Zones p.
 - Williamson Act q.
 - Farmland monitoring program
 - Traffic Analysis Zones
 - Base Map Overlays & Textual Reports (GIS)
- 18. Paper Maps
 - a. SCC Zoning
 - Barclay's Santa Clara County Locaide Street Atlas
 - Color Air Photos (MPSI)
 - Santa Clara Valley Water District Maps of Flood Control Facilities & Limits of 1% Flooding

Initial Study Source List*

- e. Soils Overlay Air Photos
- f. "Future Width Line" map set
- 2019 CEQA Statute Guidelines [Current Edition] http://resources.ca.gov/ceqa/docs/2019 CEQA St atutes and Guidelines.pdf

Area Specific: San Martin, Stanford, and Other Areas

San Martin

20a. San Martin Integrated Design Guidelines https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Documents/SanMartin_DesignGuidelines.pdf

20b.San Martin Water Quality Study

20c.Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between Santa Clara County & Santa Clara Valley Water District

Stanford

21a. Stanford University General Use Permit (GUP), Community Plan (CP), Mitigation and Monitoring Reporting Program (MMRP) and Environmental Impact Report (EIR) https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/Programs/Stanford/Pages/Docs.aspx

21b. Stanford Protocol and Land Use Policy Agreement

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/Programs/Stanford/Pages/Docs.aspx

Other Areas

22a.South County Airport Comprehensive Land Use Plan and Palo Alto Airport comprehensive Land Use Plan [November 19, 2008]

22b.Los Gatos Hillsides Specific Area Plan https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Docume nts/GP Book B.pdf

22c.County Lexington Basin Ordinance Relating to Sewage Disposal

22d. User Manual Guidelines & Standards for Land Uses Near Streams: A Manual of Tools, Standards and Procedures to Protect Streams and Streamside Resources in Santa Clara County by Valley Water Resources Protection Collaborative, August 2005 – Revised July 2006.

https://www.valleywater.org/contractors/doingbusinesses-with-the-district/permits-for-working-ondistrict-land-or-easement/guidelines-and-standardsfor-land-use-near-streams

22e. Guidelines and Standards for Land Use Near Streams: Streamside Review Area – Summary prepared by Santa Clara County Planning Office, September 2007.

22f. Monterey Highway Use Permit Area https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Docume-nts/SanMartin_GeneralPlanInformation.pdf

Soils

23.USDA, SCS, "Soils of Santa Clara County

24.USDA, SCS, "Soil Survey of Eastern Santa Clara County"

Agricultural Resources/Open Space

- 25. Right to Farm Ordinance
- 26. State Dept. of Conservation, "CA Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model" https://www.conservation.ca.gov/dlrp/Documents/TOC%20and%20Intro.pdf
- Open Space Preservation, Report of the Preservation 2020 Task Force, April 1987 [Chapter IV]
- 28. Williamson Act Ordinance and Guidelines (current version)

 https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/Programs/WA/P
 ages/WA.aspx

Air Quality

29. BAAQMD Clean Air Plan

http://www.baaqmd.gov/~/media/files/planningand-research/plans/2017-clean-airplan/attachment-a -proposed-final-cap-vol-1pdf.pdf?la=en

- BAAQMD CEQA Air Quality Guidelines (2010)http://www.baaqmd.gov/~/media/files/planningand-research/ceqa/ceqa guidelines may2017pdf.pdf?la=en
- 31. BAAQMD Annual Summary of Contaminant Excesses & BAAQMD, "Air Quality & Urban Development Guidelines for Assessing Impacts of Projects & Plans" [current version]

Biological Resources/
Water Quality & Hydrological Resources/
Utilities & Service Systems"

- 32. Site-Specific Biological Report
- Santa Clara County Tree Preservation Ordinance https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/Tree Ordinance.pdf

Section C16, Santa Clara County Guide to Evaluating Oak Woodlands Impacts https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Doc uments/Oakwoodlands Guide.pdf

Santa Clara County Guidelines for Tree Protection and Preservation for Land Use Applications https://www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd/DocsForms/Documents/Brochure TreePreservation.pdf

33. Clean Water Act, Section 404

Initial Study Source List*

- https://www.epa.gov/cwa-404/permit-program-under-cwa-section-404
- 34. Riparian Inventory of Santa Clara County,
 Greenbelt Coalition, November 1988
 https://www.valleywater.org/sites/default/files/D2/D2/D2-4 riparian plants 2016%282%29.pdf –
- 35. CA Regional Water Quality Control Board, Water Quality Control Plan, San Francisco Bay Region [1995]
- 36. Santa Clara Valley Water District, Private Well Water Testing Program [12-98]
- 37. SCC Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Program, Urban Runoff Management Plan [1997]
- 38. County Environmental Health / Septic Tank Sewage Disposal System Bulletin "A"
- 39. County Environmental Health Department Tests and Reports

Archaeological Resources

- 40.Northwest Information Center, Sonoma State University
- 41. Site Specific Archaeological Reconnaissance Report

Geological Resources

42. Site Specific Geologic Report

43.State Department of Mines and Geology, Special Report #42

44. State Department of Mines and Geology, Special Report #146

Noise

45. County Noise Ordinance

https://www.sccgov.org/sites/cpd/programs/NP/Documents/NP Noise Ordinance.pdf

Hazards & Hazardous Materials

- 46. Section 21151.4 of California Public Resources Code
- 47. State Department of Toxic Substances, Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List
- 48. County Office of Emergency Services Emergency Response Plan [1994 version]

Transportation/Traffic

- Transportation Research Board, "Highway Capacity Manual", Special Report 209, 1995.
- SCC Congestion Management Agency, "Monitoring and Conformance report" (Current Edition)
- 51. Official County Road Book
- 52. Site-specific Traffic Impact Analysis Report

*Items listed in bold are the most important sources and should be referred to during the first review of the project, when they are available. The planner should refer to the other sources for a particular environmental factor if the former indicates a potential environmental impact.

County of Santa Clara

Department of Planning and Development

County Government Center, East Wing, $7^{\rm th}$ Floor 70 West Hedding Street San Jose, California 95110

Administration Development Services Fire Marshal Planning Phone: (408) 299-6740 (408) 299-5700 (408) 299-5760 (408) 299

Phone: (408) 299-6740 (408) 299-5700 (408) 299-5760 (408) 299-5 Fax: (408) 299-6757 (408) 279-8537 (408) 287-9308 (408) 288-9198

Notice of Intent to Adopt a Negative Declaration

A notice, pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act of 1970, as amended (Public Resources Code 21,000, et sec.) that the following project will not have a significant effect on the environment.

Code 21,000, et seet) that the following project with not have a significant effect on the environment.				
File Number	TAZ	APN(s)	Date	
PLN18-11011	263	830-20-016	7/23/2020	
Project Name		Project Type		
Sheikh Subdivision		Two-lot subdivision		
Person or Agency Carrying Out Project		Address	Phone Number	
Santa Clara County Planning Department		70 w. Hedding St. SJ 95110	408-299-5786	
Name of Applicant		Address	Phone Number	
Hannah and Brunetti Engineers		7651 Eigleberry St, Gilroy,	408-299-5786	
T T				

Project Location

The 10-acre site is located on Columbet Road, within the unincorporated community of San Martin in southern Santa Clara County. The site is currently undeveloped and has recently been used for row crops in conjunction with the neighboring property to the south, which was once in common ownership. However, the parcel is not restricted by a Williamson Act Contract. The property is relatively flat (average slope of 5%). Several single-family residences exist on surrounding properties, as well as open space and farmland properties.

The site is within a liquefaction hazard area, however no creeks/water bodies are in the immediate vicinity of the site. The site is within the Airport Influence Area(AIA) of the San Martin Airport.

Project Description

The proposed project is subdivision of a 10-acre parcel into two lots. The subject property is located on the east side of Columbet Avenue in San Martin approximately 500 feet northeast of Masten Avenue and approximately half miles east of State Route 101 (see Figure 1). The parcel (assessor's parcel number 830-20-016) is located within the RR-5ac (Rural Residential, with a minimum lot size combining district of 5 acre) zoning district. The proposed subdivision would divide the existing 10-acre (gross) parcel into two lots each of 5 gross acres. Per County Ordinance, approval of the subdivision would grant Building Site Approval on both lots being created. Conceptual single-family residential building sites are shown on the tentative map (Figure 2). In addition to single-family residences, future development could include accessory dwelling units, driveways, fire truck turnarounds, leach fields and landscaping on each lot. The future residences on each lot would be served by on-site wastewater systems and ground-water wells. For feasibility, a shared well with an easement is shown, but individual wells could also be proposed at the time of development. Minor grading associated with the driveway encroachments are proposed subdivision improvements. Grading associated with the future building site improvements on each lot would require individual grading approval prior to issuance of development permits. Conceptual grading quantities are 121 cubic yards of total cut and 388 cubic yards of total fill for Parcel A and 198 cubic yards of total cut and 273 cubic yards of total fill for Parcel B. Development would not require removal of existing trees.

Purpose of Notice

The purpose of this notice is to inform you that the County Planning Staff has recommended that a Negative Declaration be approved for this project. County of Santa Clara Planning Staff has reviewed the Initial Study for the project, and based upon substantial evidence in the record, finds that the proposed project **could not have a significant effect on the environment.** The project site is not on a list of hazardous material sites as described by Government Code 65962.5 (Cortese List).

A public hearing for the proposed project is tentatively scheduled for the **Zoning Administrator** in June/July either through a virtual teleconference meeting or in the County Government Center. A separate notice will be sent to you informing you of the hearing date and meeting format. It should be noted that the approval of a Negative Declaration does not constitute approval of the project under consideration. The decision to approve or deny the project will be made separately.

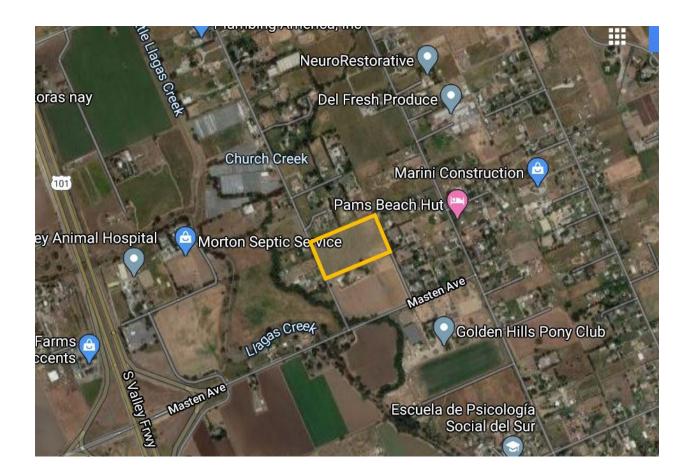
Public Review Period: 20-days **Begins:** 6/12/2020 **Ends:** 7/01/2020

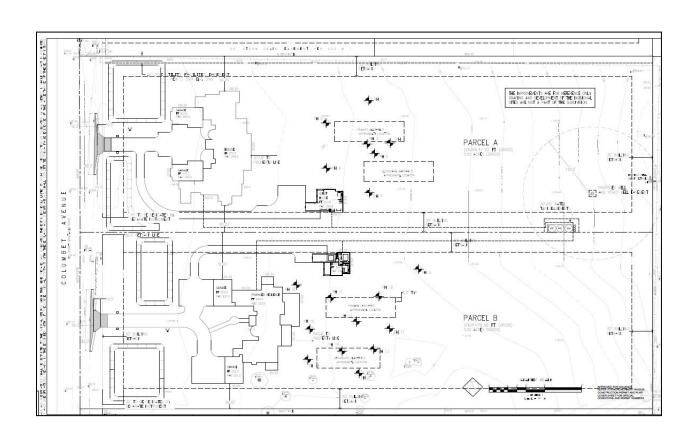
Public Comments regarding the correctness, completeness, or adequacy of this negative declaration are invited and must be received on or before the above date. Such comments should be based on specific environmental concerns. Written comments should be addressed to the attention of Mark J. Connolly at the County of Santa Clara Planning Office, County Government Center, 70 W. Hedding Street, San Jose, CA 95110, Tel: (408) 299-5770, or can be emailed to mark.connolly@pln.sccgov.org. A file containing additional information on this project may be reviewed at the Planning Office under the file number appearing at the top of this form. For additional information regarding this project and the Negative Declaration, please contact Mark J. Connolly at (408) 299-5786 or Mark.Connolly@pln.sccgov.org

The Negative Declaration and Initial Study may be viewed at the following locations:

- (1) Santa Clara County Planning Office, 70 West Hedding Street, East Wing, 7th Floor, San Jose, CA 95110
- (2) Planning & Development website <u>www.sccgov.org/sites/dpd</u> (under "Development Projects" > "Current Projects")

(3) County of Santa Clara South County Offices			
Responsible Agencies sent a copy of this document			
None			
Prepared by:			
Mark & Comolly			
Mark J. Connolly Planner		6/12/2020	
Wark J. Comony I lamer	Signature		
Approved by:	Signature	Date	
Mark J Connolly, CEQA Lead	Signature	Date	
Walk J Colliony, CEQA Leau	Signature	Date	





ATTACHMENT B

Proposed Subdivision Conditions of Approval

ATTACHMENT B

Preliminary Conditions of Approval

TENTATIVE MAP SUBDIVISION APPROVAL CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Owner/Applicant: Khalil Sheikh / Hannah and Brunetti Engineering

File Number: PLN18-11011

Location: 11014 Columbet Ave San Martin, CA 95046

Project Description: Tentative Parcel Map to subdivide an approximately 10.00-

gross-acre parcel into two lots of five gross-acres,

respectively

If you have any question regarding the following preliminary conditions of approval, call the person whose name is listed as the contact for that agency. He or she represents a particular specialty or office and can provide details about the conditions of approval.

Agency	Name	Phone	E-mail
Planning	Mark Connolly	(408) 299- 5786	mark.connolly@pln.sccgov.org
Land Development Engineering	Eric Gonzales	(408) 299 – 5731	eric.gonzales@pln.sccgov.org
Department of Environmental Health	Darrin Lee	(408) 918- 3435	Darrin.lee@pln.sccgov.org
Fire Marshal's Office	Alex Goff		Alex.goff@pln.sccgov.org
Geology	Jim Baker		Jim.baker@pln.sccgov.org
Roads and Airports	Leo Camacho		Leo.camacho@rda.sccgov.org
Building Inspection		(408) 299-5700	www.sccbuilding.org

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Planning

1. Approval of a Tentative Parcel Map with a configuration as shown on the tentative map received by the Planning office on February 19, 2020, and stamped as APPROVED on July 31, 2020.

- 2. No development is proposed or approved as part of this subdivision, beyond the minimum necessary subdivision improvements.
- 3. Existing zoning is RR-5ac (Rural Residential base district 5-ac minimum). Future development shall comply with all setbacks required by the County Zoning Ordinance at the time applications for development are submitted.
- 4. Should the project not meet the exceptions to Section C12-407 of the County Grading Ordinance, the applicant shall apply to the Planning Office for a Grading Approval.

Land Development Engineering

5. All new on-site utilities, mains and services shall be placed underground and extended to serve the proposed development. All extensions shall be included in the improvement plans. Off-site work should be coordinated with any other undergrounding to serve other properties in the immediate area.

Department of Environmental Health

6. All construction activities shall be in conformance with the Santa Clara County Noise Ordinance Section B11-154 and prohibited between the hours of 7:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. on weekdays and Saturdays, or at any time on Sundays for the duration of construction.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL TO BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO RECORDATION OF THE FINAL MAP

Planning / Airport Land Use Commission

7. Dedicate an avigation easement to the County of Santa Clara on behalf of San Martin Airport. Submit current grant deed and parcel map, or an acceptable location map, to the Roads and Airports Department for preparation of avigation easement.

Land Development Engineering

Maps

- 8. Prepare and submit a Parcel Map for review and approval by the County Surveyor.
- 9. Parcels 1 and 2 must be surveyed by a Licensed Land Surveyor or Registered Civil Engineer. Monuments shall be set, reset, or verified in accordance with County standards, the California Subdivision Map Act, and/or the California Land Surveyor's Act map recordation.
- 10. All Easements shall be dedicated as a part of the Final Parcel Map.
- 11. A monument bond shall be posted prior to recording the Parcel Map.

Utilities

- 12. Provide letters from the utility companies stating that all easements and financial obligations have been satisfied. These shall include:
 - 1. Gas Company
 - 2. Electric Company
 - 3. Telephone Company
- 13. (Contact the utility companies immediately as these clearances may require over 90 days to acquire.)

Soils and Geology:

14. Submit one copy of the signed and stamped of the geotechnical report for the project.

Agreements

15. Enter into a land development improvement agreement with the County. Submit an Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost prepared by a registered civil engineer with the all stages of work clearly identified for all improvements and grading as proposed in this application. Post financial assurances based upon the estimate, sign the development agreement and pay necessary inspection and plan check fees, and provide County with a Certificate of Worker's Compensation Insurance.

Department of Environmental Health

16. The site plan indicates that domestic water is supplied by a well. Prior to map recordation, it must be demonstrated that the shared well provides an adequate supply of water to each developing lots. A well log must be submitted which shows a 50 foot sanitary seal, and satisfactory pump tests must be completed. In addition to the above referenced information, a shared well agreement and engineered plans shall be required for water clearance.

Roads and Airports

- 17. Obtain a Santa Clara County Roads and Airports Department (RAD) Encroachment Permit for the following required improvements:
- 18. Improvement of the property's Columbet Avenue frontage to County Standard B/4A.
- 19. The process for obtaining an Encroachment Permit and the forms that are required can be found at: www.countyroads.org > Services> Apply for Permits > Encroachment Permit.
- 20. Construct all of the improvements approved under the Encroachment Permit.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL TO BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO FUTURE BUILDING PERMIT ISSUANCE

Planning

21. **Prior to building permit issuance**, record a Notice of Permit and Conditions with the County Office of Clerk-Recorder, to ensure that successor property owners are made aware that certain conditions of approval shall have enduring obligation. Evidence of such recordation shall be provided pursuant to §5.20.125.

Land Development Engineering

Drainage

- 22. Fill out and submit the forms in the Low Impact Development and Post Construction Stormwater Management Requirements (PCR) Applicant's Packet.
- 23. Comply with the requirements of the Central Coast Regional Board Requirements for development

Fire Marshal's Office

24. Final map shall include verification of recorded shared water (well and above ground storage for fire protection) agreement for both lots in perpetuity.

Department of Environmental Health

Parcel A

25. Based upon an average adjusted percolation of 65.4 minutes per inch (0.33 gallons per day per square feet), sewage disposal conditions have been determined at 341 lineal feet plus 341 lineal feet of subsurface drainline. The two drainline systems must be connected through a positive diversion valve. A 1500-gallon septic tank shall be required. This septic system is adequate to serve a three bedroom house.

Parcel B

- 26. Based upon an average adjusted percolation of 14.6 minutes per inch (0.72 gallons per day per square feet), sewage disposal conditions have been determined at 156 lineal feet plus 156 lineal feet of subsurface drainline. The two drainline systems must be connected through a positive diversion valve. A 1500-gallon septic tank shall be required. This septic system is adequate to serve a three bedroom house.
- 27. At the time of application for a building permit, submit four (4) revised plot plans to scale (1" = 20") on a grading and drainage plan showing the house, driveway, accessory structures, septic tank and required drainlines to contour, in order to obtain a septic system permit. Maintain all setbacks as

outlined within County of Santa Clara Onsite Manual. The original plans must be submitted to Environmental Health for sign-off prior to the issuance of the septic system permit, and submitted as the final grading plan to Land Development Engineering when a grading permit is required. Contact Jeff Camp at 408-3473 for signoff.

County Geologist

- 28. Submit a geotechnical report that includes an evaluation of the potential for ground surface deformation due to liquefaction. The site is partially (the southwestern 1/4) within a County Liquefaction Hazard Zone. That is the area where the proposed building pads are shown. Contact the County Geologist to discuss the scope of study required. Pay the appropriate report review fee when submitting one wet-signed original and an electronic version (pdf on CD) to the Planning Office.
- 29. Submit a geotechnical report (prepared and signed by a Registered Geotechnical Engineer) that addresses the potential for ground deformation and the feasibility of siting a house on each of the proposed parcels. The southwestern portion of the site is located within a County Liquefaction Hazard Zone. Pay the appropriate report review fee when submitting one wet-signed original and an electronic version (pdf on CD or attached to an email) of the report to the Planning Office.

Roads and Airports

- 30. Obtain a Santa Clara County Roads and Airports Department (RAD) Encroachment Permit for the following required improvements:
 - Installation of the driveway approach to County Standard B/4. The process for obtaining an Encroachment Permit and the forms that are required can be found at: www.countyroads.org > Services> Apply for Permits > Encroachment Permit.
 - Demonstrate that the post-development maximum flow rate into the County Road right-of-way is equal-to or less-than the predevelopment corresponding storm event flow rate per the County Drainage Manual. Provide engineered plans and drainage calculations for any detention or retention system necessary to satisfy this requirement.

Building Inspection Office

31. For detailed information about the requirements for a building permit, obtain a Building Permit Application Instruction handout from the Office of Building Inspection or visit their website (www.sccbuilding.org).

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL TO BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO BUILDING / PERMIT FINAL

Land Development Engineering

32. Existing and set permanent survey monuments shall be verified by inspectors **prior to final acceptance of the improvements by the County**. Any permanent survey monuments damaged or missing shall be reset by a licensed land surveyor or registered civil engineer authorized to practice land surveying and they shall file appropriate records pursuant to Business and Professions Code Section 8762 or 8771 of the Land Surveyors Act with the County Surveyor.

Environmental Health

33. Provide proof of garbage service at the time of final occupancy signoff. Garbage service in the unincorporated areas of Santa Clara County is mandatory.

Roads and Airports

34. Construct all of the improvements approved under the Encroachment Permit

NOTE: Contact the County Building Department at: www.sccbuilding.org for information on submittal requirements.

ATTACHMENT C

Location & Vicinity Map



ATTACHMENT D

Tentative Parcel Map

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

GENERAL CONDITIONS

- ALL CONSTRUCTION WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SOILS AND/OR GEOTECHNICAL REPORT PREPARED BY STEVENS FERRONE & BAILEY ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC SFB PROJECT NO. 538-3 AND DATED FEBRUARY 10, 20112 THIS REPORT IS SUPPLEMENTED BY: 1) THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, 2) THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STANDARD DETAILS. 3) THE COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STANDARD SPECS, 4) STATE OF CALIFORNIA STANDARD DETAILS, 5) STATE OF CALIFORNIA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT THE FORMER SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER THE LATTER. THE PERFORMANCE AND COMPLETION OF ALL WORK MUST BE TO THE
- SATISFACTION OF THE COUNTY. DEVELOPER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLATION OF THE IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS AND HE OR HIS SUCCESSOR PROPERTY OWNERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR CONTINUED MAINTENANCE
- DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CORRECTION OF ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS IN THESE PLANS. THE COUNTY SHALL BE AUTHORIZED TO REQUIRE DISCONTINUANCE OF ANY WORK AND SUCH CORRECTION AND MODIFICATION OF PLANS AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO
- COMPLY WITH COUNTY STANDARDS OR CONDITIONS OF DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL. DEVELOPER SHALL OBTAIN ENCROACHMENT PERMITS FROM THE SANTA CLARA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT AND CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WHERE NEEDED. COPIES OF THESE PERMITS SHALL BE KEPT AT THE JOB SITE FOR REVIEW BY THE COUNTY'S INSPECTOR.
- DEVELOPER SHALL REMOVE OR TRIM ALL TREES TO PROVIDE AN UNOBSTRUCTED FIFTEEN (15) FOOT VERTICAL CLEARANCE FOR ROADWAY AREA.
- THIS PLAN AUTHORIZES THE REMOVAL OF ONLY THOSE TREES WITH TRUNK DIAMETERS GREATER THAN 12 INCHES MEASURED 4.5 FEET ABOVE THE GROUND THAT ARE SHOWN TO BE REMOVED UNLESS AN AMENDED PLAN IS APPROVED OR A SEPARATE TREE REMOVAL PERMIT IS OBTAINED FROM THE PLANNING OFFICE. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE THAT REMOVAL OF ADDITIONAL TREES HAS BEEN PERMITTED. DEVELOPER SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE DUST CONTROL AS REQUIRED BY THE COUNTY
- ALL PERSONS MUST COMPLY WITH SECTION 4442 OF THE PUBLIC RESOURCES CODE AND SECTION 13005 OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE RELATING TO THE USE OF SPARK
- UPON DISCOVERING OR UNEARTHING ANY BURIAL SITE AS EVIDENCED BY HUMAN SKELETAL REMAINS OR ARTIFACTS, THE PERSON MAKING SUCH DISCOVERY SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE COUNTY CORONER AT (408) 454-2520 AND LAND DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING OFFICE AT (408) 299-5730. NO FURTHER DISTURBANCE OF THE SITE MAY BE MADE EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY THE LAND DEVELOPMENT OFFICE IN ACCORD WITH PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE (COUNTY ORDINANCE CODE SECTION
- THESE PLANS ARE FOR THE WORK DESCRIBED IN THE SCOPE OF WORK ONLY. A SEPARATE PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED FOR THE SEPTIC LINE CONSTRUCTION. . ANY DEVIATION FROM THESE APPROVED PLANS SHALL BE RE-APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

CONSTRUCTION STAKING

- THE DEVELOPER'S ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INITIAL PLACEMENT AND REPLACEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION GRADE STAKES. THE STAKES ARE TO BE ADEQUATELY IDENTIFIED, LOCATED, STABILIZED, ETC. FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF CONTRACTORS. LATERAL OFFSET OF STAKES SET FOR CURBS AND GUTTERS SHALL NOT EXCEED 2 1/2 FEET FROM BACK OF CURB
- ANY PROPERTY LINE STAKES OR ROAD MONUMENTS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED BY DEVELOPER'S ENGINEER AND LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR.
- PROPERTY LINE STAKING MUST BE PERFORMED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER OR LAND SURVEYOR TO ESTABLISH OR RE-ESTABLISH THE PROJECT BOUNDARY AND SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE COUNTY INSPECTOR PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF THE WORK.
- PROPER CONSTRUCTION STAKES SHALL BE SET IN THE FIELD BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER OR LAND SURVEYOR AND VERIFIED BY THE COUNTY INSPECTOR PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF GRADING.
- IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CALIFORNIA PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS' ACT (BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE) CHAPTER 15 SECTIONS 8771 AND 8725.1, CALIFORNIA PENAL CODE 605, AND CALIFORNIA GOVERNMENT CODE 27581, ANY PERSON PERFORMING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT WILL OR MAY DISTURB AN EXISTING ROADWAY/STREET MONUMENT, PROPERTY CORNER, OR ANY OTHER PERMANENT SURVEYED MONUMENT AND/OR AS SHOWN ON THIS TENTATIVE MAP SHALL ENSURE THAT A CORNER RECORD AND/OR RECORD OF SURVEY ARE FILED WITH THE OCUNTY SURVEYOR OFFICE PRIOR TO DISTURBING SAID MONUMENTS. ALL DISTURBED OR DESTROYED MONUMENTS SHALL BE RESET AND FILED IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 14. TOTAL DISTURBED AREA FOR THE PROJECT

CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION

- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY PERMIT INSPECTION UNIT, SANTA CLARA COUNTY PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK AND FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF WORK AND SITE. THE COUNTY REQUIRES A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS ADVANCE NOTICE FOR GENERAL
- INSPECTION, 48 HOURS FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE INSPECTION. INSPECTION BY SANTA CLARA COUNTY SHALL BE LIMITED TO INSPECTION OF MATERIALS AND PROCESSES OF CONSTRUCTION TO OBSERVE THEIR COMPLIANCE WITH PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS BUT DOES NOT INCLUDE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF CONSTRUCTION, SITE CONDITIONS, EQUIPMENT OR PERSONNEL. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT INSPECTOR AT PHONE
- (408) 299-6868 AT LEAST 24 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK AND FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF WORK AND SITE. DFVELOPER AND/OR HIS AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE MUST SUBMIT WRITTEN REQUEST FOR FINAL INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE. SAID REQUEST SHALL BE DIRECTED TO THE INSPECTION OFFICE NOTED ON THE PERMIT FORM.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TO THE COUNTY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTOR WITH PAD ELEVATION AND LOCATION CERTIFICATES, PREPARED BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER OR LAND SURVEYOR, PRIOR COMMENCEMENT OF THE BUILDING FOUNDATION.

SITE PREPARATION (CLEARING AND GRUBBING)

- EXISTING TREES AUTHORIZED FOR REMOVAL, ROOTS, AND FOREIGN MATERIAL IN AREAS TO BE IMPROVED WILL BE REMOVED TO AN AUTHORIZED DISPOSAL SITE AS FOLLOWS: A) TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF TWO FEET BELOW THE FINISHED GRADE OF PROPOSED ROADWAYS (EITHER PRIVATE OR TO BE DEDICATED TO PUBLIC USE)
- B) FROM AREAS AFFECTED BY THE PROPOSED GRADING EXCEPT WHERE NOTED ON THE PLANS.
- IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER TO MOVE OR RELOCATE UTILITY POLES AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS IN THE WAY OF CONSTRUCTION.

<u>UTILITY LOCATION, TRENCHING & BACKFILI</u>

- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY USA (UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT) AT 1-800-277-2600 A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING UNDERGROUND WORK FOR VERIFICATION OF THE LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.
- ACCURATE VERIFICATION AS TO SIZE, LOCATION, AND DEPTH OF EXISTING UNDERGROUND CONDUITS OR FACILITIES SHALL BE THE INDIVIDUAL CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY. PLAN LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR GENERAL INFORMATION
- ALL UNDERGROUND INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE IN PLACE AND THE TRENCH BACKFILLED AND COMPACTED BEFORE PLACING AGGREGATE BASE MATERIAL OR SURFACE STRUCTURES. SURFACING MAY BE DONE IF THE UTILITY COMPANY CONCERNED INDICATES BY LETTER THAT IT WILL BORE. UNLESS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY THE COUNTY, GAS AND WATER MAINS SHALL BE INSTALLED OUTSIDE THE PAVED AREAS.
- TRENCH BACKFILL IN EXISTING PAVEMENT AREAS SHALL BE SAND MATERIAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE STATE SPECIFICATIONS. THE STRUCTURAL SECTION FOR TRENCH REPLACEMENT SHALL CONSIST OF NOT LESS THAN 12 INCHES OF APPROVED AGGREGATE BASE MATERIAL COMPACTED TO A RELATIVE COMPACTION OF AT LEAST 95% AND 4 INCHES OF HOT ASPHALT CONCRETE PLACED IN TWO LIFTS. TRENCH RESTORATION FOR HIGHER TYPE PAVEMENTS SHALL BE MADE IN
- KIND OR AS DIRECTED BY THE COUNTY. TRENCH BACKFILL IN NEW CONSTRUCTION AREAS SHALL BE SAND MATERIAL COMPACTED TO A RELATIVE COMPACTION OF AT LEAST 90%. THE REQUIREMENT FOR SELECT MATERIAL MAY BE WAIVED BY COUNTY IF THE NATIVE SOIL IS SUITABLE FOR
- USE AS TRENCH BACKFILL BUT THE COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS WILL NOT BE THEREBY
- BACKFILL AND TRENCH RESTORATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL APPLY AS MINIMUM STANDARDS TO ALL UNDERGROUND FACILITIES INSTALLED BY OTHER FIRMS OR PUBLIC

<u>RETAINING WALLS</u>

- REINFORCED CONCRETE AND CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT RETAINING WALLS SHALL HAVE FOUNDATION AND REINFORCEMENT INSPECTED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEERING INSPECTOR AND ENGINEER OF RECORD PRIOR TO POURING THE FOUNDATION AND FORMING THE
- 2. SEGMENTAL BLOCK RETAINING WALLS SHALL HAVE FOUNDATION AND REINFORCEMENT INSPECTED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEERING INSPECTOR.

- 1. EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN THE FILL AREAS DESIGNATED OR SHALL BE HAULED AWAY FROM THE SITE TO A COUNTY APPROVED DISPOSAL SITE. WHERE FILL MATERIAL IS TO BE PLACED ON NATURAL GROUND, IS SHALL BE STRIPPED OF ALL VEGETATION. TO ACHIEVE A PROPER BOND WITH THE FILL MATERIAL, THE SURFACE OF THE GROUND SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO DEPTH OF 6" BEFORE FILL IS PLACED. WHERE NATURAL GROUND IS STEEPER THAN 5:1, IT SHALL BE BENCHED AND THE FILL KEYED IN TO ACHIEVE STABILITY. WHERE NEW FILL IS TO BE PLACED ON EXISTING FILL THE EXISTING FILL SHALL BE REMOVED UNTIL MATERIAL COMPACTED TO 90% RELATIVE COMPACTION IS EXPOSED. THEN THE NEW FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED AS PER THESE CONSTRUCTION NOTES. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN UNIFORM LIFTS NOT EXCEEDING 6" IN UNCOMPACTED THICKNESS. BEFORE COMPACTION BEGINS, THE FILL SHALL BE BROUGHT TO A WATER CONTENT THAT WILL PERMIT PROPER COMPACTION BY EITHER 1) AERATING THE FILL IF IT IS TOO WET OR 2) MOISTENING THE FILL WITH WATER IF IT IS TOO DRY. EACH LIFT SHALL BE THOROUGHLY MIXED BEFORE COMPACTION TO ENSURE A UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION OF MOISTURE. 2. EXCESS CUT MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE SPREAD OR STOCKPILED ON THE SITE
- SURPLUS EARTH FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN A SINGLE (8" MAX) THICK LAYER COMPACTED TO WITHSTAND WEATHERING IN THE AREA(S) DELINEATED ON THE PLAN. 4. NO ORGANIC MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN ANY FILL. NO TREES SHALL BE REMOVED OUTSIDE OF CUT, FILL OR ROADWAY AREAS.
- 5. THE UPPER 6" OF SUBGRADE BELOW DRIVEWAY ACCESS ROAD OR PARKING AREA SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY. 6. MAXIMUM CUT SLOPE SHALL BE 2 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL. MAXIMUM FILL SLOPE SHALL BE 2 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL.

CUT (C.Y.)|FILL (C.Y.)|VERT. DEPTH NORTH GUEST ± 0.4 JORTH GARAGES NORTH DRIVEWAY 130 ± 1.9 NORTH LANDSCAPE 18 ± 0.42 ±121 ±388 PARCEL E CUT (C.Y.)|FILL (C.Y.)|VERT. DEPTH 49

- SOUTH GUEST ± 0.25 TH GARAGES ± 1.6 TH DRIVEWAY 132 ± 1.4 OUTH LANDSCAPE 106 14 ± 0.40 ±273 ±198
- NOTE: FILL VOLUMES INCLUDE 10% SHRINKAGE. EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL BE OFF HAULED TO A COUNTY APPROVED DUMP SITE. 7. NOTIFY SOILS ENGINEER TWO (2) DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY GRADING WORK TO COORDINATE THE WORK IN THE FIELD.
- 8. ALL MATERIALS FOR FILL SHOULD BE APPROVED BY THE SOILS ENGINEER BEFORE IT IS BROUGHT TO THE SITE.
- 9. THE UPPER 6" OF THE SUBGRADE SOIL SHALL BE SCARIFIED, MOISTURE CONDITIONED AND COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM RELATIVE COMPACTION OF 95%
- 10. ALL AGGREGATE BASE MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM 95% RELATIVE
- 11. THE GEOTECHNICAL PLAN REVIEW LETTER MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE COUNTY GEOLOGIST PRIOR TO FINAL APPROVAL BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER FOR BUILDING
- 12. THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL PERFORM COMPACTION TESTING AND PRESENT THE RESULTS TO THE COUNTY ENGINEERING INSPECTOR PRIOR TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF
- 13. GRADING WORK BETWEEN OCTOBER 15TH AND APRIL 15TH IS AT THE DISCRETION OF THE SANTA CLARA COUNTY GRADING OFFICIAL.
- PARCEL A: 40,405 SF PARCEL B: 38262 SF.
- 16. THE INSPECTOR MAY VERIFY THAT A VALID NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) HAS BEEN ISSUED BY THE STATE AND THAT A CURRENT AND UP TO DATE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) IS AVAILABLE ON SITE.

TREE PROTECTION

- 1. FOR ALL TREES TO BE RETAINED WITH A CANOPY IN THE DEVELOPMENT AREA OR INTERFACES WITH THE LIMITS OF GRADING FOR ALL PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT ON SITE, THE TREES SHALL BE PROTECTED BY THE PLACEMENT OF RIGID TREE PROTECTIVE FENCING, CONSISTENT WITH THE COUNTY INTEGRATED LANDSCAPE GUIDELINES, AND INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:
- A. FENCING SHOULD BE PLACED ALONG THE OUTSIDE EDGE OF THE DRIPLINE OF THE TREE OR GROVE OF TREES. THE FENCING SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE SITE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD AND
- SHALL BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY FOR DAMAGE AND PROPER FUNCTION. FENCING SHALL BE REPAIRED, AS NECESSARY, TO PROVIDE A PHYSICAL BARRIER FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- SIGNAGE STATING, "WARNING- THIS FENCING SHALL NOT BE REMOVED WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE SANTA CLARA COUNTY PLANNING OFFICE (408) 299-5770. COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA TREE PROTECTION MEASURES MAY BE FOUND AT http://www.sccplanning.gov." SHALL BE PLACED ON THE TREE PROTECTIVE FENCING
- UNTIL FINAL OCCUPANCY. 2. PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, TREE PROTECTIVE FENCING SHALL
- BE SECURELY IN PLACED AND INSPECTED BY THE LAND DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING INSPECTOR. 3. SEE EXISTING TREE PROTECTION DETAILS FOR MORE INFORMATION.

ACCESS ROADS AND DRIVEWAYS

- 1. DRIVEWAY LOCATIONS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE IMPROVEMENT PLANS WITH CENTERLINE STATIONING. THE MINIMUM CONCRETE THICKNESS SHALL BE 6 INCHES THROUGHOUT (WITH A MAXIMUM APPROACH SLOPE OF 1 1/4 INCHES PER FOOT).
- 2. ALL DRIVEWAY OR COMMON ACCESS ROAD SECTIONS IN EXCESS OF 15 LONGITUDINAL SLOPE MUST BE PAVED WITH A MINIMUM 2-INCH ASPHALT LIFT OR FULL DEPTH CONCRETE LIFT PRIOR TO ANY COMBUSTIBLE FRAMING
- 3. THE OWNER AND PRIME CONTRACTOR ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING PROJECT SITE ACCESS AND NEIGHBORHOOD ACCESS FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLES AND LOCAL RESIDENTS.
- 4. ROADWAYS DESIGNATED AS NOT COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN WILL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR COUNTY MAINTENANCE UNTIL THE ROADWAYS ARE IMPROVED (AT NO COST TO THE COUNTY) TO THE PUBLIC MAINTENANCE ROAD STANDARDS APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS AND IN EFFECT AT SUCH TIME THAT THE ROADWAYS ARE
- CONSIDERED FOR ACCEPTANCE INTO THE COUNTY'S ROAD SYSTEM. 5. ALL WORK IN THE COUNTY ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY REQUIRES AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT FROM THE ROADS AND AIRPORTS DEPARTMENT. EACH INDIVIDUAL ACTIVITY REQUIRES A SEPARATE PERMIT - I.E. CABLE, ELECTRICAL, GAS, SEWER, WATER, RETAINING WALLS, DRIVEWAY APPROACHES, FENCES, LANDSCAPING, TREE REMOVAL, STORM DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS, ETC..

STREET LIGHTING

1. PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC ELECTROLIER SERVICE FEE SHALL BE PAID BY THE DEVELOPER AND/OR HIS AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.

SANITARY SEWER

- 1. THE SANITARY SEWER AND WATER UTILITIES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE NOT PART OF THIS GRADING PERMIT AND ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- 2. ALL MATERIALS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION OF SANITARY SEWERS SHALL CONFORM TO THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE JURISDICTION INVOLVED. INSPECTION OF SANITARY SEWER WORK SHALL BE DONE BY SAID JURISDICTION.

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

1. CONCRETE USED FOR STRUCTURAL PURPOSES SHALL BE CLASS "A" (6 SACK PER CUBIC YARD) AS SPECIFIED IN THE STATE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. CONCRETE PLACED MUST DEVELOP A MINIMUM STRENGTH FACTOR OF 2800 PSI IN A SEVEN-DAY PERIOD. THE CONCRETE MIX DESIGN SHALL BE UNDER THE CONTINUAL CONTROL OF THE COUNTY INSPECTOR.

AIR QUALITY, LANDSCAPING AND EROSION CONTROL

- 1. WATER ALL ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION AREAS AT LEAST TWICE DAILY
- . COVER ALL TRUCKS HAULING SOIL, SAND, AND OTHER LOOSE MATERIALS OR REQUIRE ALL TRUCKS TO MAINTAIN AT LEAST TWO FEET OF FREEBOARD
- UNPAVED ACCESS ROADS, PARKING AREAS AND STAGING AREAS AT CONSTRUCTION SITES. 4. SWEEP DAILY (WITH WATER SWEEPERS) ALL PAVED ACCESS ROADS, PARKING AREAS AND STAGING AREAS AT CONSTRUCTION SITES. THE USE OF DRY POWDER SWEEPING IS PROHIBITED.

3. PAVE, APPLY WATER THREE TIMES DAILY, OR APPLY (NON-TOXIC) SOIL STABILIZERS ON ALL

- 5. SWEEP STREETS DAILY (WITH WATER SWEEPERS) IF VISIBLE SOIL MATERIAL IS CARRIED ONTO ADJACENT PUBLIC STREETS. THE USE OF DRY POWDER SWEEPING IS PROHIBITED. 6. ALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES, EQUIPMENT AND DELIVERY TRUCKS SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM
- IDLING TIME OF 5 MINUTES (AS REQUIRED BY THE CALIFORNIA AIRBORNE TOXIC CONTROL MEASURE TITLE 13, SECTION 2485 OF CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS (CCR)). ENGINES SHALL BE SHUT OFF IF CONSTRUCTION REQUIRES LONGER IDLING TIME UNLESS NECESSARY FOR PROPER OPERATION OF THE VEHICLE.
- 7. ALL VEHICLE SPEEDS ON UNPAVED ROADS SHALL BE LIMITED TO 15 MILES PER HOUR. 8. ALL CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND PROPERLY TUNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS. ALL EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CHECKED BY A CERTIFIED MECHANIC AND DETERMINED TO BE RUNNING IN PROPER CONDITION PRIOR TO OPERATION.
- POST A SIGN THAT IS AT LEAST 32 SQUARE FEET MINIMUM 2 INCHES LETTER HEIGHT VISIBLE NEAR THE ENTRANCE OF CONSTRUCTION SITE THAT IDENTIFIES THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS. OBTAIN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT FOR SIGN FROM ROADS DEPARTMENT OR OTHER APPLICABLE AGENCY IF REQUIRED.
- A. 15 MILES PER HOUR (MPH) SPEED LIMIT B. 5 MINUTES MAXIMUM IDLING TIME OF VEHICLES
- C. TELEPHONE NUMBER TO CONTACT THE BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT REGARDING DUST COMPLAINTS. NOTE PHONE NUMBER OF THE BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT AIR POLLUTION COMPLAIN HOTLINE OF 1-800-334-6367.
- 10. ALL FILL SLOPES SHALL BE COMPACTED AND LEFT IN A SMOOTH AND FIRM CONDITION
- CAPABLE OF WITHSTANDING WEATHERING. 11. ALL EXPOSED DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH BROME SEED SPREAD AT THE RATE OF 5 LB. PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (OR APPROVED EQUAL). SEEDING AND WATERING SHALL BE MAINTAINED AS REQUIRED TO ENSURE GROWTH.
- 12. ALL DITCHES SHALL BE LINED PER COUNTY STANDARD SD8. 13. ALL STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH EFFECTIVE ENTRANCE & OUTFALL EROSION CONTROLS E.G. SACKED CONCRETE RIP-RAP. ENERGY DISSIPATERS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT ALL DITCH OUTFALLS. WHERE OUTFALLS ARE NOT INTO AN EXISTING CREEK OR WATER COURSE, RUNOFF SHALL BE RELEASED TO SHEET FLOW.
- 14. PRIOR TO GRADING COMPLETION AND RELEASE OF THE BOND, ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE RESEEDED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE COUNTY GRADING ORDINANCE TO MINIMIZE THE VISUAL IMPACTS OF THE GRADE SLOPES AND REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION OF THE SUBJECT SITE.
- 15. PERMANENT LANDSCAPING SHOWN ON THE ATTACHED LANDSCAPE PLAN MUST BE INSTALLED AND FIELD APPROVED BY THE COUNTY PLANNING OFFICE PRIOR TO FINAL APPROVAL BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER, AND FINAL OCCUPANCY RELEASE BY THE BUILDING INSPECTION OFFICE. 16. THE OWNER SHALL PREPARE AND PRESENT A WINTERIZATION REPORT TO THE COUNTY

AIR QUALITY, LANDSCAPING AND EROSION CONTROL (continued)

INSPECTOR FOR REVIEW PRIOR TO OCTOBER 15TH OF EVERY YEAR.

- 17. THE OWNER, CONTRACTOR, AND ANY PERSON PERFORMING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL INSTALL AND MAINTAIN CONSTRUCTION BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) ON THE PROJECT SITE AND WITHIN THE SANTA CLARA COUNTY ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION AND UNTIL THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL TO PREVENT THE DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS INCLUDING SEDIMENT, CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, EXCAVATED MATERIALS AND WASTE INTO THE SANTA CLARA COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY, STORM SEWER WATERWAY ROADWAY INFRASTRUCTURE. BMPS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO THE
- FOLLOWING; A. PREVENTION OF POLLUTANTS IN STORM WATER DISCHARGES FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE AND THE CONTRACTOR'S MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT LAYDOWN
- / STAGING AREAS. B. PREVENTION OF TRACKING OF MUD, DIRT, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS ONTO THE PUBLIC ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY.

C. PREVENTION OF DISCHARGE OF WATER RUN-OFF DURING DRY AND WET WEATHER

- CONDITIONS ONTO THE PUBLIC ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY. 18. THE OWNER, CONTRACTOR, AND ANY PERSON PERFORMING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, DELIVERIES, HAZARDOUS AND NON-HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE, EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, PORTABLE TOILETS, CONCRETE WASHOUT, GARBAGE
- CONTAINERS, LAYDOWN YARDS, SECONDARY CONTAINMENT AREAS, ETC. ARE LOCATED OUTSIDE THE SANTA CLARA COUNTY ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY. 19. EROSION CONTROL PLAN IS A GUIDE AND SHALL BE AMENDED AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT EROSION AND ILLICIT DISCHARGES ON A YEAR AROUND BASIS, DEPENDING ON THE SEASON, WEATHER, AND FIELD CONDITIONS. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES IN ADDITION TO THOSE NOTED IN THE PERMITTED PLANS MAY BE NECESSARY. FAILURE TO INSTALL SITE SITE AND

SITUATIONALY APPROPRIATE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MAY RESULT IN VIOLATIONS.

STORM DRAINAGE AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

- 1. DEVELOPER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL NECESSARY DRAINAGE FACILITIES WHETHER SHOWN ON THE PLANS OR NOT AND HE OR HIS SUCCESSOR PROPERTY OWNERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ADEQUACY AND CONTINUED MAINTENANCE OF THESE FACILITIES IN A MANNER WHICH WILL PRECLUDE ANY HAZARD TO LIFE, HEALTH, OR DAMAGE TO ADJOINING PROPERTY, CONSISTENT WITH NPDES PERMIT CAS612008 / ORDER NO. R2-2009-0047 AND NPDES
- PERMIT CAS000004/ ORDER NO. 2013-0001-DWQ. 2. DROP INLETS SHALL BE COUNTY STANDARD TYPE 5 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS. THE DEVELOPER'S ENGINEER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROPER LOCATION OF DROP INLETS. WHERE STREET PROFILE GRADE EXCEEDS 6% DROP INLETS SHALL BE SET AT
- 500 ANGLE CURB LINE TO ACCEPT WATER OR AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. 3. WHERE CULVERTS ARE INSTALLED THE DEVELOPER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR GRADING THI OUTLET DITCH TO DRAIN TO AN EXISTING SWALE OR TO AN OPEN AREA FOR SHEET FLOW. 4. UPON INSTALLATION OF DRIVEWAY CONNECTIONS, PROPERTY OWNERS SHALL PROVIDE FOR THE
- UNINTERRUPTED FLOW OF WATER IN ROADSIDE DITCHES. 5. THE COUNTY SHALL INSPECT UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FEATURES PRIOR TO BACKFILL.

AS-BUILT PLANS STATEMENT

FINES, AND A STOPPAGE OF WORK.

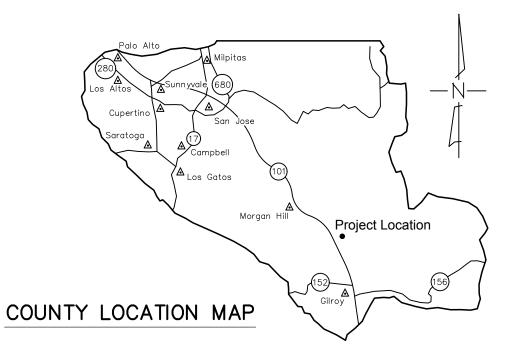
THIS IS A TRUE COPY OF THE AS-BUILT PLANS. THERE (___ WERE) (___ WERE NOT) MINOR FIELD CHANGES - MARKED WITH THE SYMBOL (^). THERE (___WERE) (___ WERE NOT) PLAN REVISIONS INDICATING SIGNIFICANT CHANGES REVIEWED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER AND MARKED WITH THE SYMBOL \triangle .

SIGNATURE _____ NOTE: THIS STATEMENT IS TO BE SIGNED BY THE PERSON AUTHORIZED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER TO PFRFORM THE INSPECTION WORK. A REPRODUCIBLE COPYOF THE AS-BUILT PLANS MUST BE

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OBSERVATION

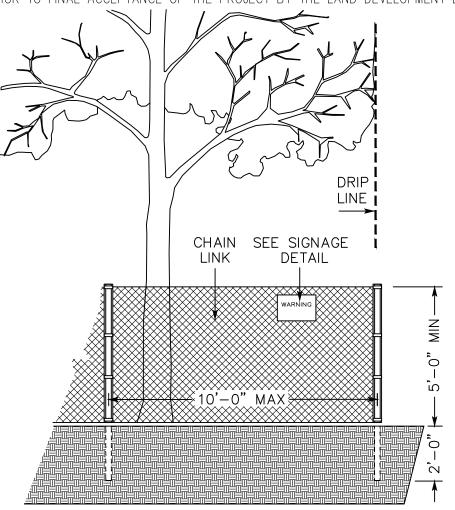
FURNISHED TO THE COUNTY ENGINEER AFTERCONSTRUCTION.

1. A CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION LETTER FROM THE RESPONSIBLE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST DETAILING CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATIONS AND CERTIFYING THAT THE WORK WAS DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE GEOTECHNICAL AND GEOLOGIC REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED PRIOR TO THE GRADING COMPLETION AND RELEASE OF THE BOND.



SURVEY MONUMENT PRESERVATION

- THE LANDOWNER/CONTRACTOR MUST PROTECT AND ENSURE THE PERPETUATION OF SURVEY MONUMENTS AFFECTED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE, STAKE, AND FLAG ALL PERMANENT SURVEY MONUMENTS OF RECORD AND ANY UNRECORDED MONUMENTS THAT ARE DISCOVERED THAT ARE WITHIN 50 FEET OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY.
- THE LANDOWNER, CONTRACTOR AND/OR ANY PERSON PERFORMING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT WILL OR MAY DISTURB AN EXISTING MONUMENT, CORNER STAKE, OR ANY OTHER PERMANENT SURVEYED MONUMENT SHALL CAUSE TO HAVE A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR OR CIVIL ENGINEER, AUTHORIZED TO PRACTICE SURVEYING, ENSURE THAT A CORNER RECORD AND/OR RECORD OF SURVEY ARE FILED WITH THE COUNTY SURVEYOR'S OFFICE PRIOR TO DISTURBING SAID MONUMENTS AND RESET PERMANENT MONUMENT(S) TO PERPETUATE THE LOCATION IF ANY PERMANENT MONUMENT COULD BE DESTROYED, DAMAGED, COVERED, DISTURBED, OR OTHERWISE OBLITERATED. THE LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR OR CIVIL ENGINEER SHALL FILE A CORNER RECORD OR RECORD OF SURVEY WITH COUNTY SURVEYOR PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROJECT BY THE LAND DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING INSPECTOR



EXISTING TREE PROTECTION DETAILS

- 1. PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY GRADING, TREE PROTECTIVE FENCING SHALL BE IN PLACE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TREE PRESERVATION PLAN AND INSPECTED BY A CERTIFIED ARBORIST. THE ARBORIST SHALL MONITOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY TO ENSURE THAT THE TREE PROTECTION MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED AND ADHERED TO DURING CONSTRUCTION. THIS CONDITION
- SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE GRADING PLANS. 2. FENCE SHALL BE MINIMUM 5 FEET TALL CONSTRUCTED OF STURDY MATERIAL
- (CHAIN-LINK OR EQUIVALENT STRENGTH/ DURABILITY). 3. FENCE SHALL BE SUPPORTED BY VERTICAL POSTS DRIVEN 2 FEET (MIN) INTO
- THE GROUND AND SPACED NOT MORE THAN 10 FEET APART. 4. TREE FENCING SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE SITE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD, INSPECTED PERIODICALLY FOR DAMAGE AND PROPER FUNCTION, REPAIRED AS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE A PHYSICAL BARRIER FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, AND REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL THE FINAL
- 5. A SIGN THAT INCLUDES THE WORDS, "WARNING: THIS FENCE SHALL NOT BE REMOVED WITHOUT THE EXPRESSED PERMISSION OF THE SANTA CLARA COUNTY PLANNING OFFICE," SHALL BE SECURELY ATTACHED TO THE FENCE IN A VISUALLY PROMINENT LOCATION.

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA DEPT.	OF ROADS AND AIRPORTS
ISSUED BY:	DATE:
ENCROACHMENT PERMIT NO	

NO WORK SHALL BE DONE IN THE COUNTY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY WITHOUT AN ENCROACHMENT PERMIT, INCLUDING THE STAGING OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL AND THE PLACEMENT OF PORTABLE TOILETS.

ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

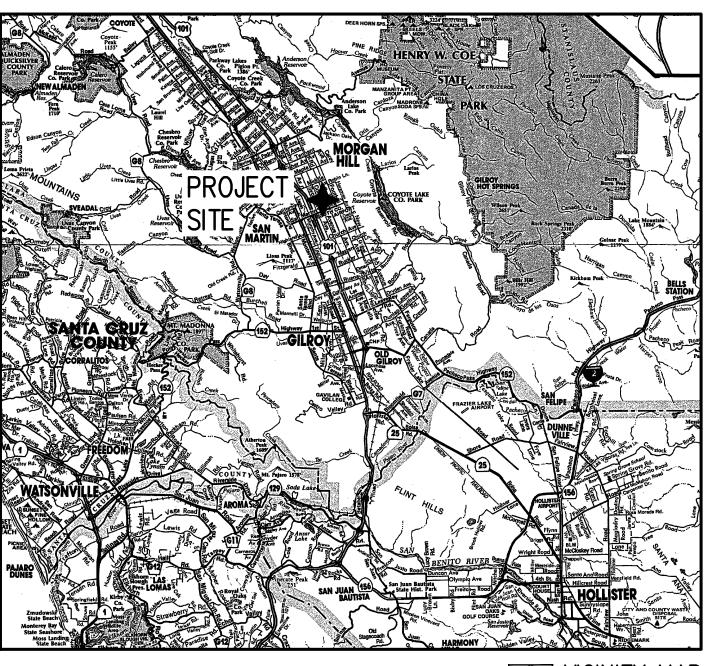
I HEARBY STATE THAT THESE PLANS ARE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ADOPTED COUNTY STANDARDS, THE APPROVED TENTATIVE MAP (OR PLAN) OROFESS/ONA AND CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL PERTAINING THERETO DATED FILE(S) NO. 11011-18GS-18EA

OY MUST, 69278 R.C.E. NO. 9 NO. 69278 P. E. EXP 6-30-20 \star \ EXP. 6-30-20/ \star OF CIVIL COUNTY ENGINEER'S NOTE

ISSUANCE OF A PERMIT AUTHORIZING CONSTRUCTION DOES NOT RELEASE THE DEVELOPER, PERMITTEE OF ENGINEER FROM RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CORRECTION OF ERRORS OR OMISSIONS CONTAINED IN THE PLANS. IF, DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, THE PUBLIC INTEREST REQUIRES A MODIFICATION OF (OR DEPARTURE FROM) THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE PLANS, THE COUNTY SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE THE SUSPENSION OF WORK, AND THE NECESSARY MODIFICATION OR DEPARTURE AND TO SPECIFY THE MANNER IN WHICH THE SAME IS TO BE MADE.

DATE	
	CHRISTOPHER L. FREITAS
	R.C.E. NO. 42107
	EVDIDES 3/31/20

COUNTY FILE NO.: 11011-18GS-18EA



- THE DEVELOPER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE WORK PROPOSED ON THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN. THE ENGINEER OF RECORD IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE EROSION CONTROL PLANS AND ANY MODIFICATIONS OF THE EROSION CONTROL PLANS TO PREVENT ILLICIT DISCHARGES FROM THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- CLEAR AND GRUB BUILDING PAD AND DRIVEWAY.
- BUILDING PAD AND DRIVEWAY GRADING. CONSTRUCT DRIVEWAY
- INSTALL SEPTIC TANK AND SEPTIC PUMP
- INSTALL LEACHFIELD

COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

LAND DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING & SURVEYING

GRADING/DRAINAGE PERMIT NO._

ISSUED BY: _____ DATE: ____

- CONSTRUCT RETAINING WALL INSTALL WATER METER
- A CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION LETTER FROM THE RESPONSIBLE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND CERTIFIED ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST DETAILING CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATIONS AND CERTIFYING THAT THE WORK WAS DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE GEOTECHNICAL AND GEOLOGICAL REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED PRIOR TO GRADING COMPLETION AND RELEASE OF BOND.

CHEET INDEX

		SHEEL INDEX
	1	COVER SHEET
	2	OVERALL SITE PLAN
	3	PRELIMINARY GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN
	4	SECTIONS, DETAILS, NOTES,
		ABBREVIATIONS AND LEGEND
_	5	EROSION CONTROL PLAN
	BMP1&2	BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

ENGINEER'S NAME: _HANNA & BRUNETTI ADDRESS: 7651 EIGLEBERRY STREET, GILROY CA 95020 PHONE NO. 408 842-2173 FAX NO. 408 842-3662

PRELIMINARY

IMPROVEMENT PLANS

FOR THE HOME GRADING AND DRAINAGE ON THE LANDS OF SHEIKH

COLUMBET AVENUE, SANTA CLARA COUINTY PARCEL 16 RECORDED IN BOOK 830 OF MAPS, PAGE 20 ON XXX SANTA CLARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

A.P.N.: 830-20-016 JANUARY 2019 Revision 1 Date 830-20-016 Date Revision 2

Date

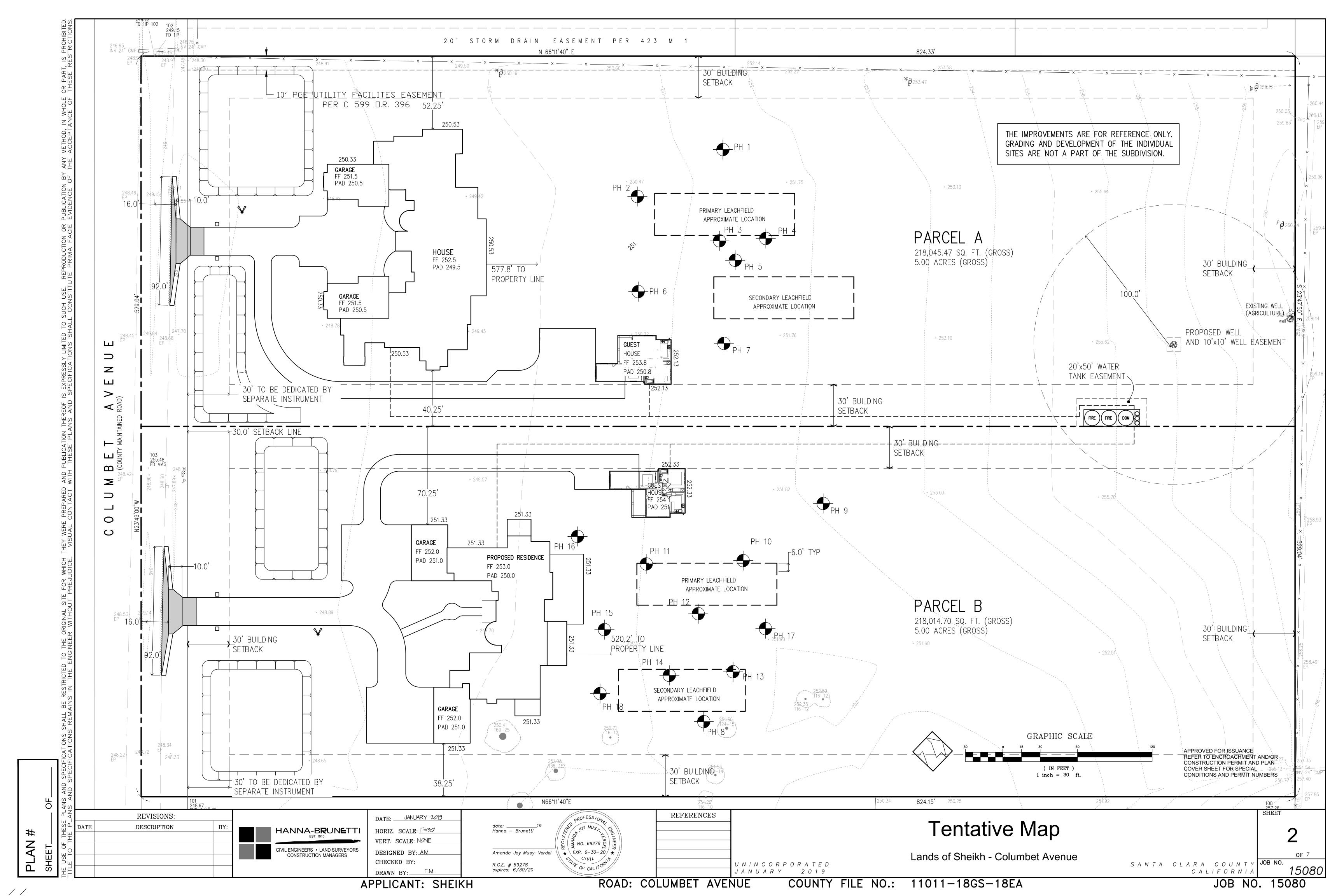
Revision 3

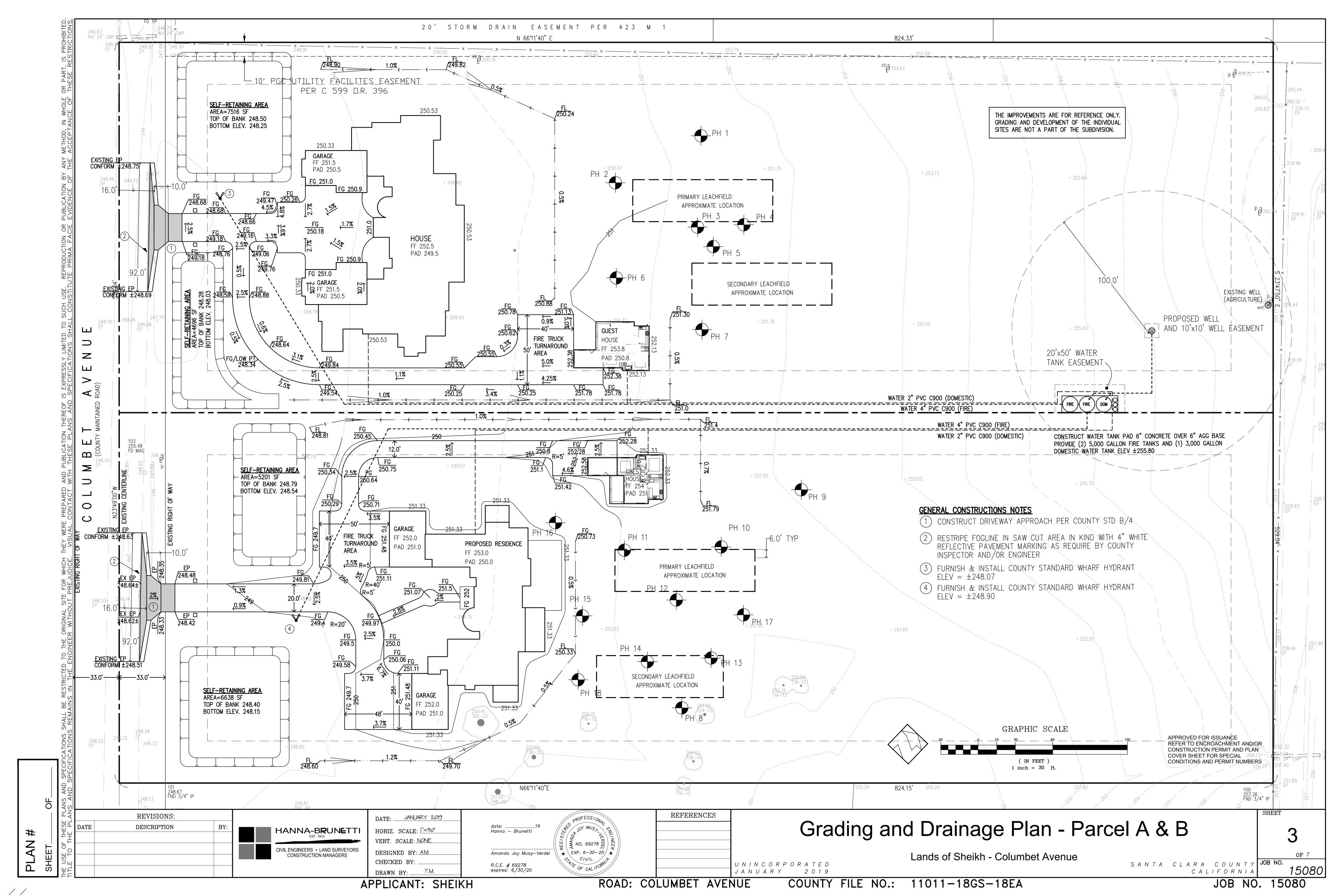
11011-18GS-18EA

NO SCALE

APPLICANT: SHEIKH

ROAD: COLUMBET AVENUE





PROJECT NOTES: ADDITIONAL TREES HAS BEEN PERMITTED.' 3. NO TREES ARE TO BE REMOVED TO THE SITE. COUNTY'S ROAD SYSTEM. OF THE BUILDING FINISH FLOOR AND PAD. (AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS)

- THE LOCATION OF THE BUILDING PADS AND/OR FOUNDATIONS ARE TO BE ESTABLISHED BY A PERSON AUTHORIZED TO PRACTICE LAND SURVEYING. A LETTER SIGNED AND SEALED BY THAT AUTHORIZED PERSON, STATING THAT HE/SHE HAS LOCATED THE BUILDING CORNERS, AND THEIR LOCATIONS CONFORM TO COUNTY BUILDING SETBACK REQUIREMENTS PER THE APPROVED BUILDING PLANS IS REQUIRED TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE
- 'THIS PLAN AUTHORIZES THE REMOVAL OF ONLY THOSE TREES WITH TRUNK DIAMETERS GREATER THAN 12 INCHES MEASURED 4.5 FEET ABOVE GROUND WHICH ARE SHOWN TO BE REMOVED. ANY OTHER SUCH TREES ARE NOT TO BE REMOVED UNLESS AN AMENDED PLAN IS APPROVED OR A SEPARATE TREE REMOVAL PERMIT IS OBTAINED FROM THE PLANNING OFFICE. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE THAT REMOVAL OF
- 4. PRIOR TO GRADING COMPLETION AND RELEASE OF BOND, ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE RESEEDED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE COUNTY GRADING ORDINANCE TO MINIMIZE THE VISUAL IMPACTS OF THE GRADED SLOPES AND REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION ON THE SUBJECT SITE.
- BOTH DRAINFIELDS MUST BE STAKED AND STRUNG PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF THE SEPTIC DESIGN TO VERIFY THAT THE PROPOSED SEPTIC DESIGN WILL ACTUALLY FIT INTO THE PROPOSED LEACHFIELD AREA, AND CONFORM TO ALL
- 6. IF ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES OR HUMAN REMAINS ARE DISCOVERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, WORK SHALL BE HALTED WITHIN 50 METERS (150 FEET) OF THE FIND UNTIL IT CAN BE EVALUATED BY A QUALIFIED ARCHAEOLOGIST. IF THE FIND IS DETERMINED TO BE SIGNIFICANT, APPROPIATE MITIGATION MEASURES SHALL BE FORMULATED AND IMPLEMENTED.
- 7. NOTIFY SOILS ENGINEER TWO (2) DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY GRADING WORK TO COORDINATE THE WORK IN THE FIELD.
- 8. ALL MATERIALS FOR FILL SHOULD BE APPROVED BY THE SOILS ENGINEER BEFORE IT IS BROUGHT
- 9. IN THE EVENT THAT ARCHEOLOGICAL FEATURES SHOULD BE DISCOVERED AT ANY TIME DURING THE GRADING, SCRAPING OR EXCAVATION, ALL WORK SHOULD BE HALTED IN THE VICINITY OF THE FIND AND AN ARCHAEOLOGIST SHOULD BE CONTACTED IMMEDIATELY TO EVALUATE THE DISCOVERED MATERIAL TO ASSESS ITS AREAL EXTENT. CONDITION, AND SCIENTIFIC SIGNIFICANCE. IF THE DISCOVERED MATERIAL IS DEEMED POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT, A QUALIFIED ARCHAEOLOGIST SHOULD MONITOR ANY SUBSEQUENT ACTIVITY IN THE PROXIMITY.
- 10. IN THE EVENT THAT HUMAN SKELETAL REMAINS ARE ENCOUNTERED, THE APPLICANT IS REQUIRED BY COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. B6-18 TO IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE COUNTY CORONER. UPON DETERMINATION BY THE COUNTY CORONER THAT THE REMAINS ARE NATIVE AMERICAN. THE CORONER SHALL CONTACT THE CALIFORNIA NATIVE AMERICAN HERITAGE COMMISSION. PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION (c) OF SECTION 7050.5 OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE AND THE COUNTY COORDINATOR OF INDIAN AFFAIRS. NO FURTHER DISTURBANCE OF THE SITE MAY BE MADE EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY THE COUNTY CHAPTER. IF ARTIFACTS ARE FOUND ON THE SITE A QUALIFIED ARCHAEOLOGIST SHALL BE CONTACTED ALONG WITH THE COUNTY PLANNING OFFICE. NO FURTHER DISTURBANCE OF THE ARTIFACTS MAY BE MADE EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED BY THE COUNTY PLANNING OFFICE.
- 11. THESE PLANS ARE FOR THE WORK DESCRIBED IN THE SCOPE OF WORK ONLY. A SEPARATE PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED FOR THE SEPTIC LINE CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. UPPER 6" OF THE SUBGRADE SOIL SHALL BE SCARIFIED, MOISTURE CONDITIONED AND COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM RELATIVE COMPACTION OF 95%.
- 13. ALL AGGREGATE BASE MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% RELATIVE COMPACTION.
- 14. ROADWAYS DESIGNATED AS NOT COUNTY MAINTAINED ROADS AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR COUNTY MAINTENANCE UNTIL THE ROADWAYS ARE IMPROVED (AT NO COST TO THE COUNTY) TO PUBLIC MAINTENANCE ROAD STANDARDS APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS AND IN EFFECT AT SUCH TIME THAT THE ROADWAYS ARE CONSIDERED FOR ACCEPTANCE INTO THE
- 15. AN APPROVED RESIDENTIAL FIRE SPRINKLER SYSTEM COMPLYING WITH FIRE MARSHAL STANDARD CFMO-SP6 IS REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED THROUGHOUT THE STRUCTURE.
- 16. ALL NEW ON-SITE UTILITIES, MAINS AND SERVICES SHALL BE PLACED UNDERGROUND AND EXTENDED TO SERVE THE PROPOSED RESIDENCE.
- 17. A CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATION LETTER FROM THE RESPONSIBLE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND CERTIFIED ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST DETAILING CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATIONS AND CERTIFYING THAT THE WORK WAS DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE GEOTECHNICAL AND GEOLOGICAL REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED PRIOR TO GRADING COMPLETION AND RELEASE OF BOND
- 18. ALL ROOF RUNOFF SHALL BE DIRECTED TO LANDSCAPED OR NATURAL AREAS AWAY FROM BUILDING FOUNDATIONS, TO ALLOW FOR STORM WATER INFILTRATION INTO THE SOIL AND SHEET FLOW.

NOTE TO CONTRACTOR

CONTRACTOR AGREES THAT HE SHALL ASSUME SOLE AND COMPLETE RESPONSIBILITY FOR JOB SITE CONDITIONS DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT, INCLUDING SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTY; THAT THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL APPLY CONTINUOUSLY AND NOT BE LIMITED TO NORMAL WORKING HOURS; AND THAT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, REAL OR ALLEGED, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK ON THIS PROJECT, EXCEPTING FOR LIABILITY ARISING FROM THE SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE OWNER OR ENGINEER.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF ALL EXISTING SURVEY MONUMENTS AND OTHER SURVEY MARKERS DURING CONSTRUCTION. ALL SUCH MONUMENTS OR MARKER'S DESTROYED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

WHERE THE FIRM OF HANNA & BRUNETTI DOES NOT PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION STAKES, SAID FIRM WILL ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY WHATSOEVER FOR IMPROVEMENTS CONSTRUCTED THEREFROM.

CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY:

CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDING PAD, THE STRUCTURAL SECTION OF FOUNDATION TO DETERMINE BUILDING PAD ELEVATION.

SEE SOILS REPORT AND/OR STRUCTURAL PLANS TO DETERMINE THE ELEVATION

TEMPORARY PROJECT BENCHMARK:

BASED ON AN ASSUMED ELEVATION 100.00 FEET LOCATED AT THE EXIST HEADWALL AT THE INTERSECTION OF ALMADEN ROAD AND BRUCE WAY

BASIS OF BEARINGS:

THE BEARINGS SHOWN ON THIS MAP ARE BASED ON THE CENTERLINE

OF ALMADEN ROAD - N 54°22'00" W FLOOD ZONE STATEMENT:

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP COMMUNITY PANEL NUMBER: 060337 0405 E

MAP REVISED: AUGUST 17, 1998

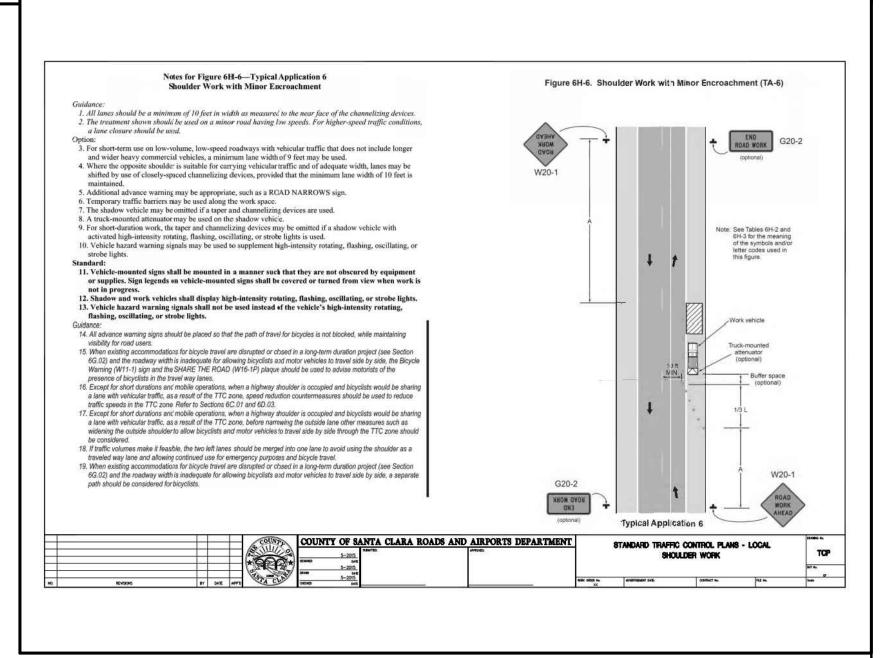
PROJECT LOCATED IN ZONE D AREAS OF UNDETERMINED, BUT POSSIBLE FLOOD HAZARDS

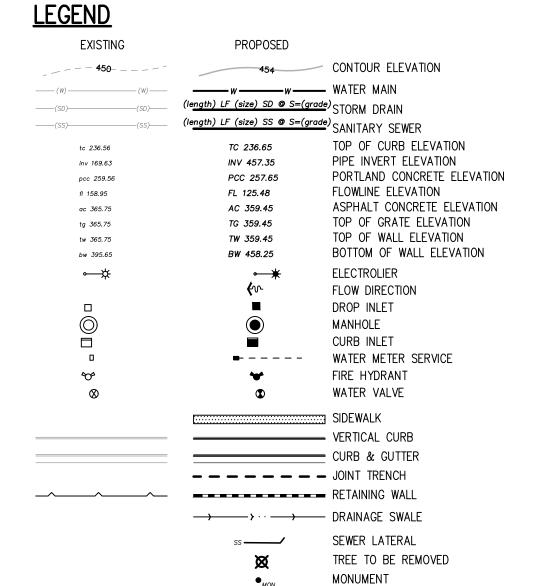
REVISIONS: DESCRIPTION HANNA-B**R**UN**E**TTI CIVIL ENGINEERS • LAND SURVEYORS

6" DIA. MIN. ROCK SIZE-2 COURSES ROCK-LINED DITCH EARTHEN DITCH ON SLOPES 20 PERCENT OR GREATER NO SCALE

THESE QUANTITIES DO NOT INCLUDE ANY SHRINKAGE, SUBSIDENCE, OVER-EXCAVATION, OR ANY SPECIAL CONDITIONS OR REQUIREMENTS THAT MAY BE SPECIFIED IN THE GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT. THESE QUANTITIES IN THE AREA FOR PERMIT PURPOSES ONLY. ALL CONTRACTORS BIDDING ON THIS PROJECT SHOULD MAKE THEIR OWN DETERMINATION OF EARTHWORK QUANTITIES PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A BID. EXCESS MATERIAL SHALL BE OFF-HAULED. IF LOCATION IS WITHIN THE COUNTY A SEPERATED PERMIT SHALL BE REQUIRED.

G of driveway 900 mm (3') shoulder typ. 9.14 m (30') min. Drainage swale flowline See CSD B/4 Sheet 2 × × × × × × 1. The driveway approach structural section shall be constructed of one of the following A. 2" Aspholt Concrete (AC) on 100 mm (4") closs 1 Aggregate Sub-base (ASB). B. 150 mm (6") deep strength AC. C. 100mm (4") class B concrete on 100mm (4") class 3 Aggregate Base (AB)** 2. A weakened plane joint is required at location shown when 100 mm (4") class B concrete driveway approach section is installed 3. The permittee shall provide erosion protection plantings and facilities when and as required by Road Commissioner. ---900 mm (3') shoulder typ. 4. The permittee shall obtain necessary slope easements when required excavations and 3.05 m (10') min embankments extend beyond his property or easement. 5. All work shall be in accordance with the County's Standard Specifications. 6. Install 300 mm (18") min. dio. culvert or valley gutter as specified on the encroachment 16' (min.)* permit. Culvert material shall be Corrugated Metal Pipe (CMP), Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP), double-walled High Density Polyethylene (HDPE), Schedule 80 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) or approved equivalent. Sight panels shall be installed on both ends of culvert per County Standard Detail B/16. C 5%± * Refer to County Standard Detail A/4 for actual width. SECTION A-A WITH CULVERT ** Applicable only if tie-into existing concrete curb, gutter and/or sidewalk. LEGEND (E) Existing SECTION A-A WITH VALLEY GUTTER Edge of povement ROW Right of way W= 12' Min. (Driveway width) Z= 92' Min. or Y+60' ETRIC (& ENGLISH) UNITS PFP 06/02/14 MANGRINGA T. VO SENCR CIVIL ENGINEER RURAL DRIVEWAY APPROACH 06/02/14 KV 06/30/14





ROCK RIP-RAP

Hanna — Brunetti

R.C.E. # 69,278

expires: 6/30/20

Amanda Joy Musy-Verdel

NO. 69278 ₽

★ \ EXP. 6-30-20/ ★

RADIUS FINISH FLOOR RCP REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE AB AGGREGATE BASE FINISH GRADE AD AREA DRAIN FIRE HYDRANT R/W RIGHT OF WAY AGG AGGREGATE FLOWLINE RWL RAINWATER LEADER BC BEGINNING OF CURVE FACE OF CURE SLOPE GAS LINE STORM DRAIN PIPE BOC BACK OF CURB GAS METER SANITARY SEWER PIPE BO BLOW OFF GRADE BREAK STM STORM DRAIN MANHOLE GUY WIRE FOR POLE BWF BARBWIRE FENCE SS MH SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE CATV CABLE TELEVISION GATE VALVE SERVICE POLE STANDARD CB CATCH BASIN HDPE HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE C&G CURB & GUTTER SQUARE CURB INLET HIGH POINT SIDEWALK CENTERLINE TELEPHONE LINE INVERT OF PIPE CMP CORRUGATED METAL PIPE TEMPORARY BENCHMARK IRON PIPE TOP OF CURB CMU CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT JOINT TRENCH TOP OF GRATE LINEAR FEET TOP OF BANK CONC CONCRETE CONST CONSTRUCTION LOW POINT TOE OF BANK DDCV DOUBLE DETECTOR CHECK MAX TOP OF WALL VALVE ASSEMBLY TYP TYPICAL WATER LINE DIP DUCTILE IRON PIPE WM WATER METER DWY DRIVEWAY OHU OVERHEAD UTILITY WV WATER VALVE ELECTRIC LINE PULL BOX EC END OF CURVE PORTLAND CONCRETE CEMENT EG EXISTING GRADE PROPERTY LINE ELEV ELEVATION PRC POINT REVERSE CURVE EP EDGE OF PAVEMENT P.S.E. PUBLIC SERVICE EASEMENT ER END OF RETURN P.S.D.E. PRIVATE STORM DRAIN EASEMENT ESMT EASEMENT P.U.E. PUBLIC UTILITY EASEMENT APPROVED FOR ISSUANCE (E) EXISTING PVI POINT OF VERTICAL INTERSECTION REFER TO ENCROACHMENT AND/OR EX. EXISTING PVC POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE CONSTRUCTION PERMIT AND PLAN COVER SHEET FOR SPECIAL

Notes, Details, Abbreviations & Legend

ABBREVIATIONS

OF 7 15080

CONDITIONS AND PERMIT NUMBERS

Lands of Sheikh - Columbet Avenue

CALIFORNIA

APPLICANT: SHEIKH

DATE: JANUARY 2019

HORIZ. SCALE: $\frac{1''=20'}{1}$

VERT. SCALE: NONE

DESIGNED BY: AM.

CHECKED BY:

DRAWN BY: _

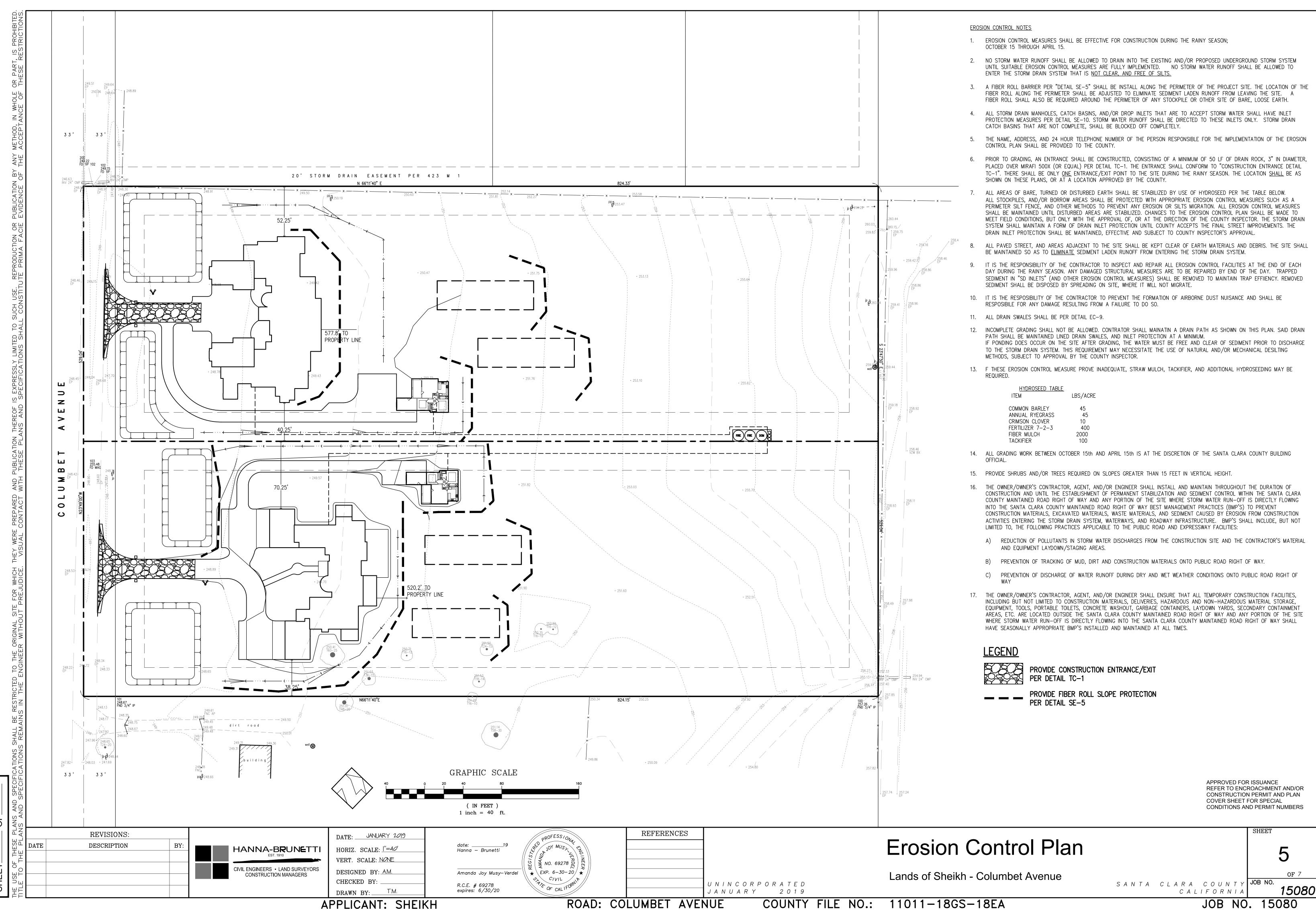
ROAD: COLUMBET AVENUE

REFERENCES

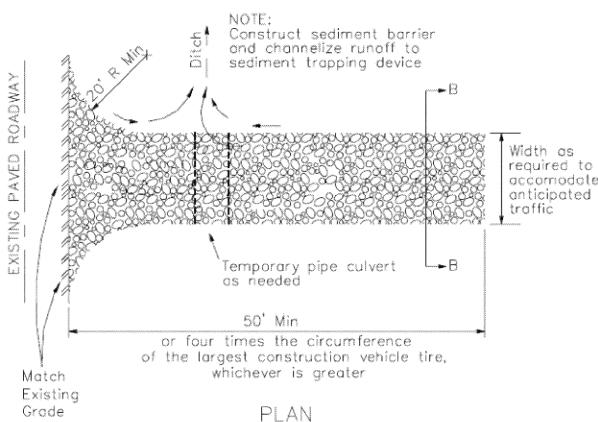
JANUARY 2019 COUNTY FILE NO .:

UNINCORPORATED

SANTA CLARA COUNTY JOB NO.







Silt Fence

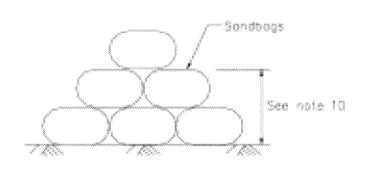
EFISINES Tamped backfill Nor cears a SIG (See note 1). Since drection Direction of Naw -Optional maintenera opening detail -(See nate 10) --STOKE Cross barrier-PL AN SHI FENCE

CASQA Detail SE-1

NOTES

- 1. Construct the length of each reach so that the change in bose elevation along the reach does not exceed 1/3 the height of the linear borrier, in no case shall the reach length exceed 500
- 2. The last B'-O'' of fence shall be turned up slape.
- 3. Stake dimensions are nominal
- 4. Dimension may very to fit field condition.
- 5. Stakes shall be spoced at B'-0" maximum and shall be positioned on downstream side of fence.
- 6. Stokes to overlop and tence fabric to fold pround each stake one full turn. Secure fabric to stake with 4 staples.
- 7. Stokes shall be driven tightly together to prevent patential flow-through of sediment at joint. The tops of the stakes
- B. For end stake, fence tabric shall be taided around two stakes one full turn and secured with 4 staples.
- Minimum 4 staples per stake. Dimensions shown are typical.
- 10. Onces borriers shall be a minimum of 1/3 and a maximum of 1/2 the
- 11. Maintenance openings shall be constructed in a manner to ensure sadiment remains behind sit fence.
- 12 Joining sections shall not be placed at sump locations.
- 13. Sandbag rows and layers shall be offset to eliminate gaza.

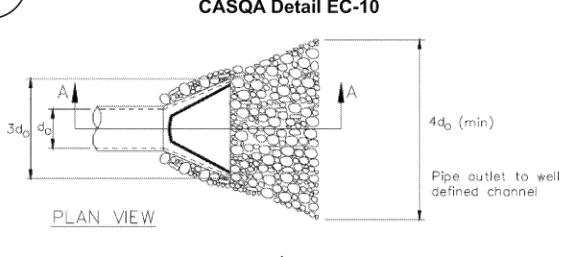
-End datal

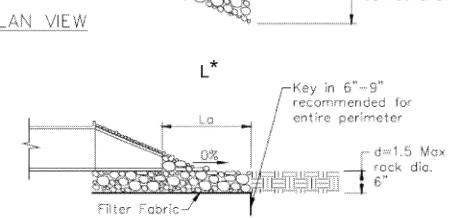


SECTION C-C

CROSS BARRIER DETAIL

Velocity Dissipation Devices

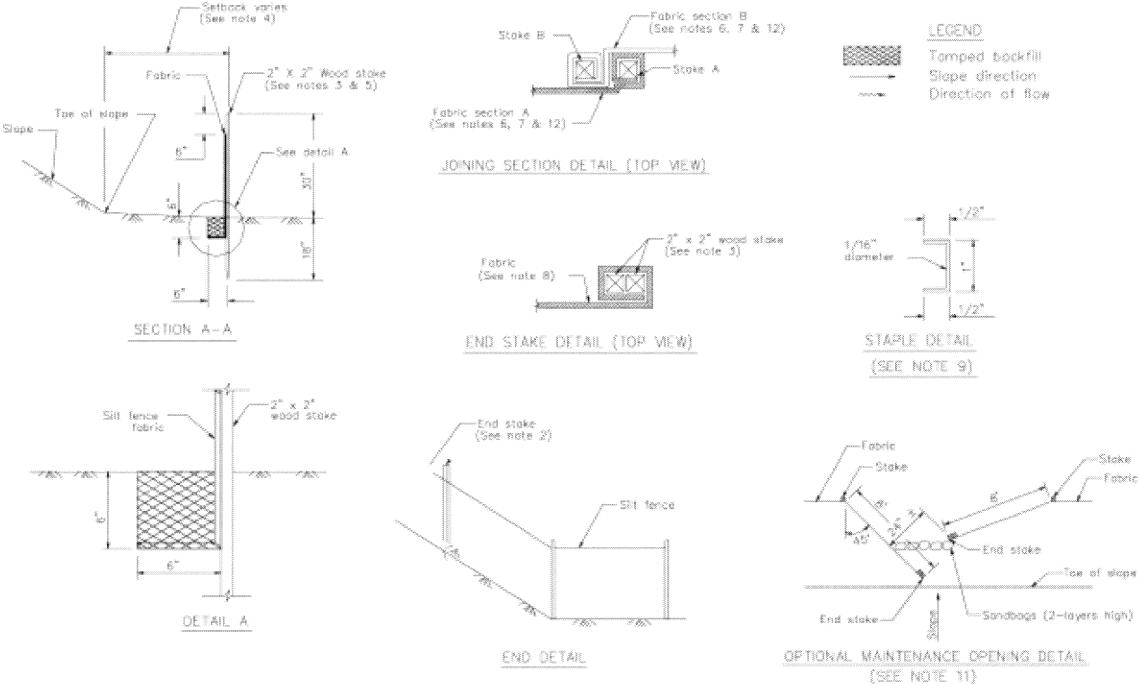




SECTION A-A

* Length per ABAG Design Standards

Silt Fence



CASQA Detail SE-1

Source for Graphics: California Stormwater BMP Handbook, California Stormwater Quality Association, January 2003. Available from www.cabmphandbooks.com.

STANDARD BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE NOTES

- 1. Solid and Demolition Waste Management: Provide designated waste collection areas and containers on site away from streets, gutters, storm drains, and waterways, and arrange for regular disposal. Waste containers must be watertight and covered at all times except when waste is deposited. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (page C3) or
- 2. <u>Hazardous Waste Management</u>: Provide proper handling and disposal of hazardous wastes by a licensed hazardous waste material hauler. Hazardous wastes shall be stored and properly labeled in sealed containers constructed of suitable materials. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages C-5 to C-6) or latest.
- 3. Spill Prevention and Control: Provide proper storage areas for liquid and solid materials, including chemicals and hazardous substances, away from streets, gutters, storm drains, and waterways. Spill control materials must be kept on site where readily accessible. Spills must be cleaned up immediately and contaminated soil disposed properly. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages C-7 to C-8, C-13 to C-14) or latest.
- 4. <u>Vehicle and Construction Equipment Service and Storage</u>: An area shall be designated for the maintenance, where onsite maintenance is required, and storage of equipment that is protected from stormwater run-on and runoff. Measures shall be provided to capture any waste oils, lubricants, or other potential pollutants and these wastes shall be properly disposed of off site. Fueling and major maintenance/repair, and washing shall be conducted off-site whenever feasible. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (page C9) or latest.
- 5. <u>Material Delivery</u>, <u>Handling and Storage</u>: In general, materials should not be stockpiled on site. Where temporary stockpiles are necessary and approved by the County, they shall be covered with secured plastic sheeting or tarp and located in designated areas near construction entrances and away from drainage paths and waterways. Barriers shall be provided around storage areas where materials are potentially in contact with runoff. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages C-11 to C-12) or latest.
- 6. Handling and Disposal of Concrete and Cement: When concrete trucks and equipment are washed on-site, concrete wastewater shall be contained in designated containers or in a temporary lined and watertight pit where wasted concrete can harden for later removal. If possible have concrete contractor remove concrete wash water from site. In no case shall fresh concrete be washed into the road right-of-way. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages C-15 to C-16) or latest.
- . <u>Pavement Construction Management</u>: Prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants from paving operations, using measures to prevent run-on and runoff pollution and properly disposing of wastes. Avoid paving in the wet season and reschedule paving when rain is in the forecast. Residue from saw-cutting shall be vacuumed for proper disposal. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages C-17 to C-18) or latest.
- 3. Contaminated Soil and Water Management: Inspections to identify contaminated soils should occur prior to construction and at regular intervals during construction. Remediating contaminated soil should occur promptly after identification and be specific to the contaminant identified, which may include hazardous waste removal. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages C-19 to C-20) or
- 2. Sanitary/Septic Water Management: Temporary sanitary facilities should be located away from drainage paths, waterways, and traffic areas. Only licensed sanitary and septic waste haulers should be used. Secondary containment should be provided for all sanitary facilities. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (page C-21) or
- 10. Inspection & Maintenance: Areas of material and equipment storage sites and temporary sanitary facilities must be inspected weekly. Problem areas shall be identified and appropriate additional and/or alternative control measures implemented immediately, within 24 hours of the problem being identified.

STANDARD EROSION CONTROL NOTES

1. Sediment Control Management:

<u>Tracking Prevention & Clean Up</u>: Activities shall be organized and measures taken as needed to prevent or minimize tracking of soil onto the public street system. A gravel or proprietary device construction entrance/exit is required for all sites. Clean up of tracked material shall be provided by means of a street sweeper prior to an approaching rain event, or at least once at the end of each workday that material is tracked, or, more frequently as determined by the County Inspector. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages B-31 to B-33) or latest.

Storm Drain Inlet and Catch Basin Inlet Protection: All inlets within the vicinity of the project and within the project limits shall be protected with gravel bags placed around inlets or other inlet protection. At locations where exposed soils are present, staked fiber roles or staked silt fences can be used. Inlet filters are not allowed due to clogging and subsequent flooding. Refer to Erosion & Sediment Control Field Manual, 4th Edition (pages B-49 to B-51) or latest.

Storm Water Runoff: No storm water runoff shall be allowed to drain in to the existing and/or proposed underground storm drain system or other above ground watercourses until appropriate erosion control measures are fully installed.

<u>Dust Control</u>: The contractor shall provide dust control in graded areas as required by providing wet suppression or chemical stabilization of exposed soils, providing for rapid clean up of sediments deposited on paved roads, furnishing construction road entrances and vehicle wash down areas, and limiting the amount of areas disturbed by clearing and earth moving operations by scheduling these activities in phases.

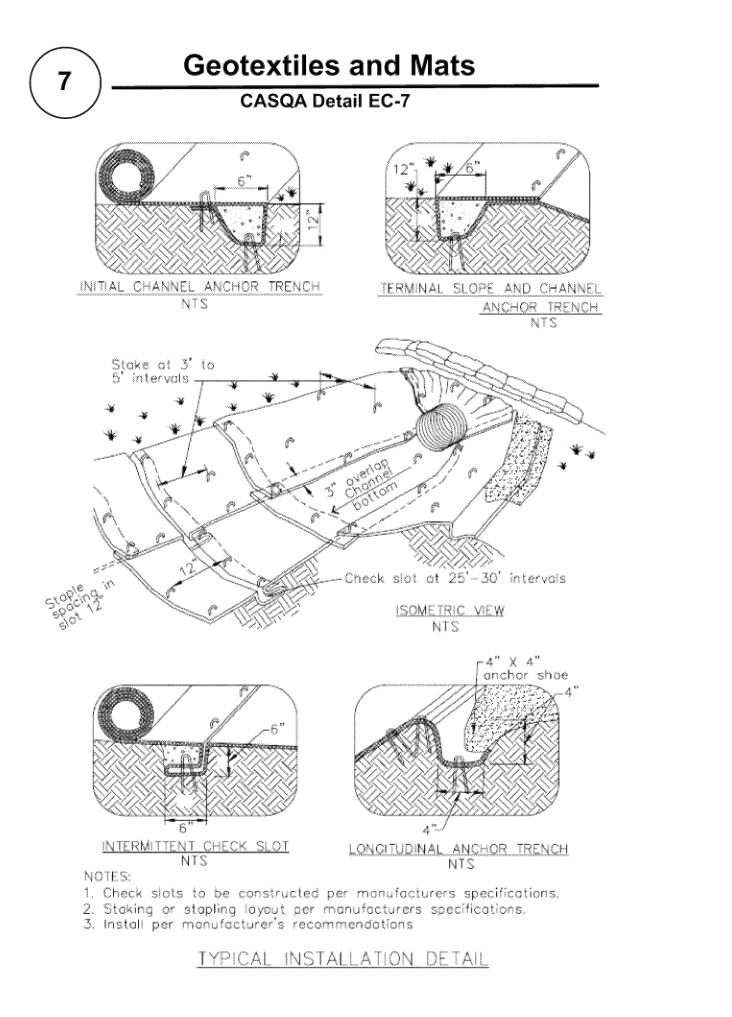
Stockpiling: Excavated soils shall not be placed in streets or on paved areas. Borrow and temporary stockpiles shall be protected with appropriate erosion control measures(tarps, straw bales, silt fences, ect.) to ensure silt does not leave the site or enter the storm drain system or neighboring watercourse.

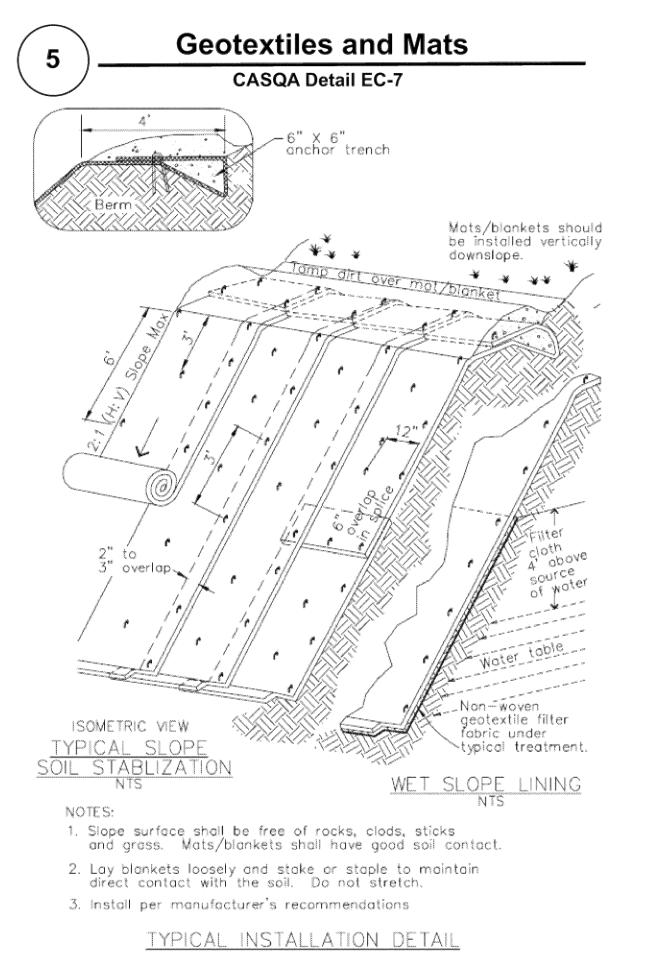
- 2. Erosion Control: During the rainy season, all disturbed areas must include an effective combination of erosion and sediment control. It is required that temporary erosion control measures are applied to all disturbed soil areas prior to a rain event. During the non-rainy season, erosion control measures must be applied sufficient to control wind erosion at the site.
- 3. <u>Inspection & Maintenance</u>: Disturbed areas of the Project's site, locations where vehicles enter or exit the site, and all erosion and sediment controls that are identified as part of the Erosion Control Plans must be inspected by the Contractor before, during, and after storm events, and at least weekly during seasonal wet periods. Problem areas shall be identified and appropriate additional and/ or alternative control measures implemented immediately, within 24 hours of the problem being identified.
- 4. Project Completion: Prior to project completion and signoff by the County Inspector, all disturbed areas shall be reseeded, planted, or landscaped to minimize the potential for erosion on the subject site.
- 5. It shall be the Owner's/Contractor's responsibility to maintain control of the entire construction operation and to keep the entire site in compliance with the erosion control plan.
- 6. Erosion and sediment control best management practices shall be operable year round or until vegetation is fully established on landscaped surfaces.

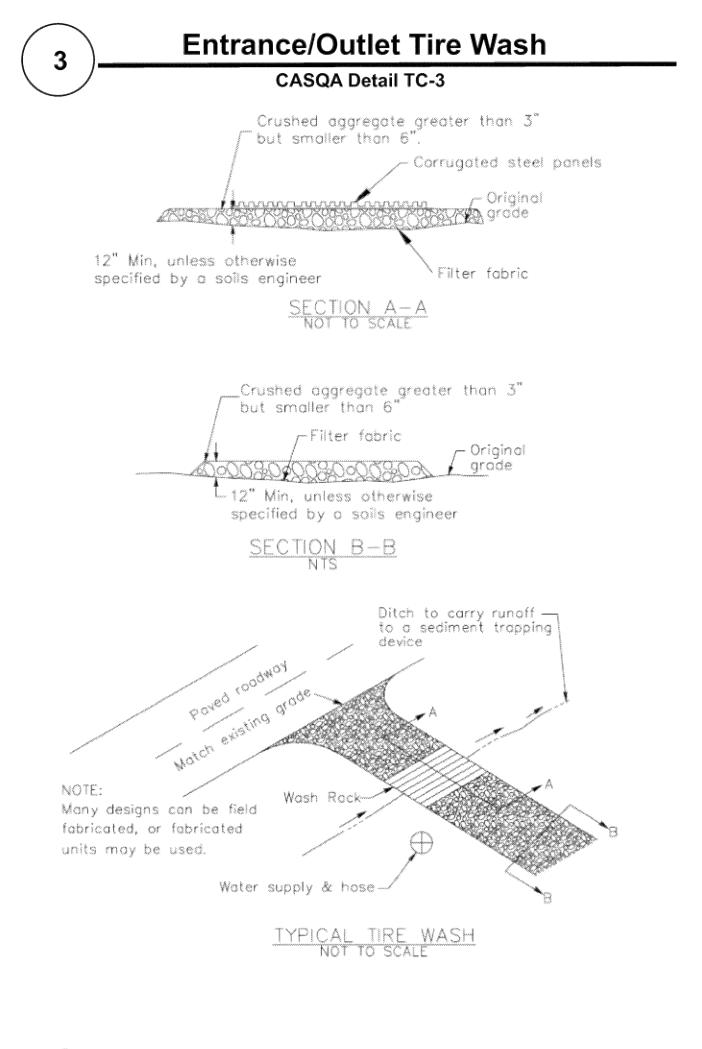
S **IMPROVEMENT**

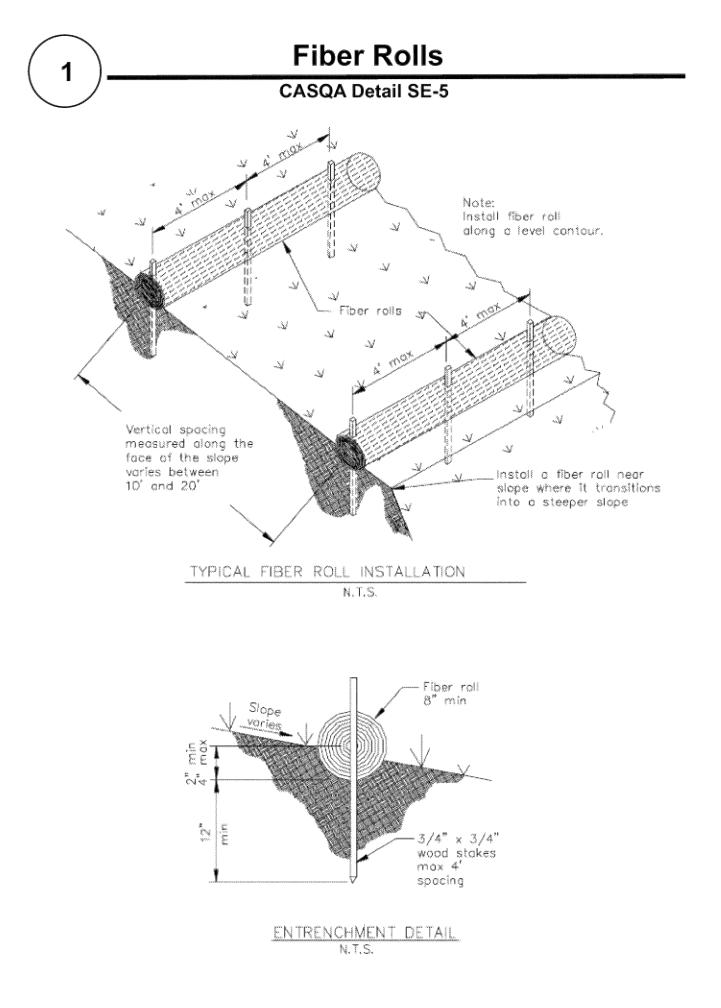
CO FOR THE ADING AND DRAINAG LANDS OF SHEIKH VUE, SANTA CLARA (HOME GRAE ON THE L UMBET AVENU

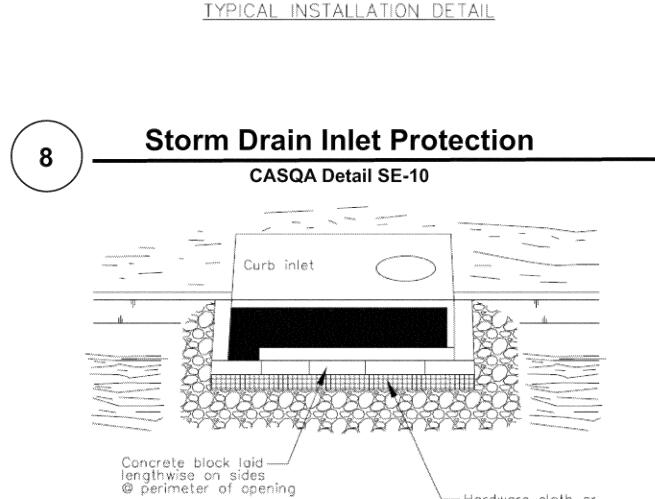
Information Project

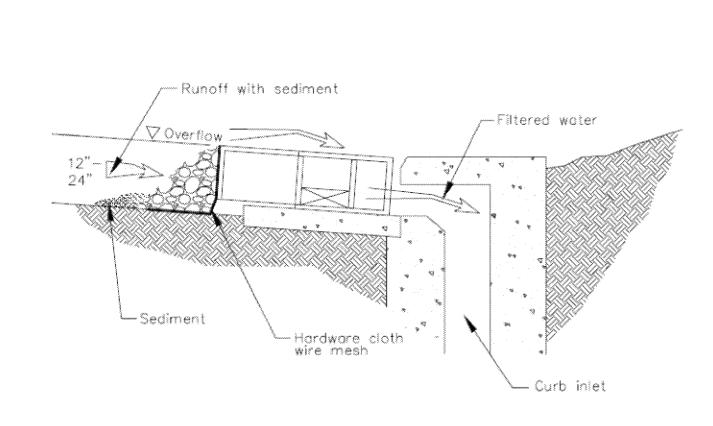








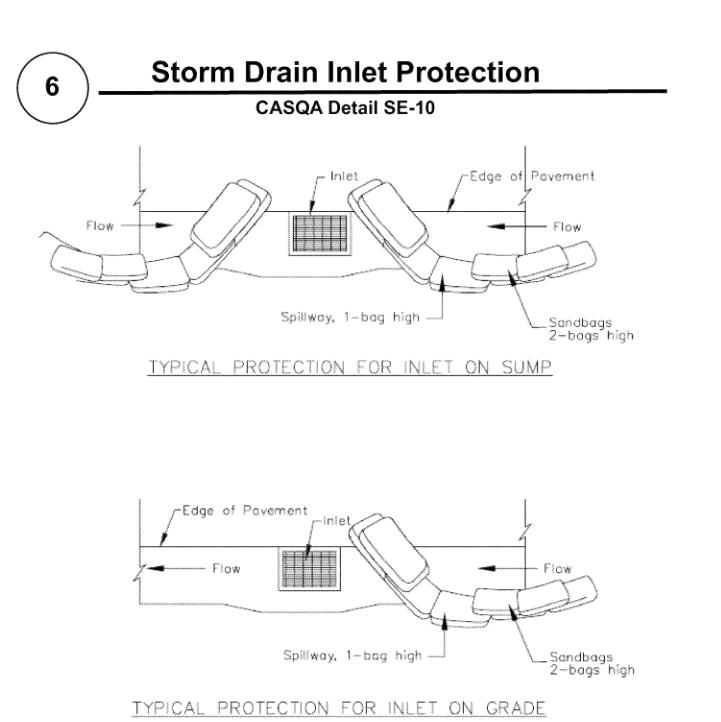




wire mesh

DI PROTECTION - TYPE 4 NOT TO SCALE

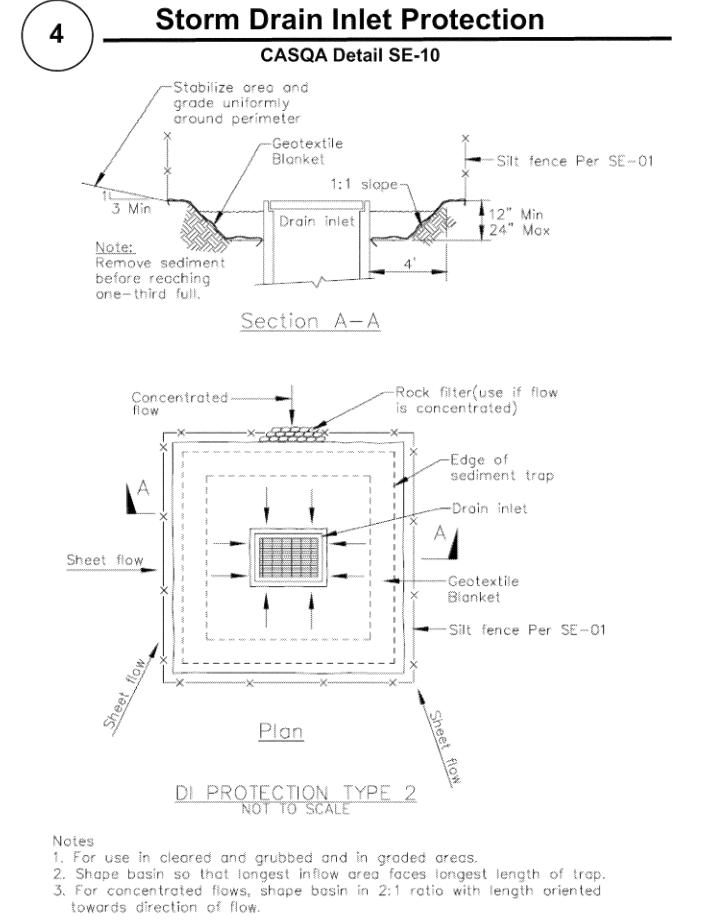
Source for Graphics: California Stormwater BMP Handbook, California Stormwater Quality Association, January 2003. Available from www.cabmphandbooks.com.

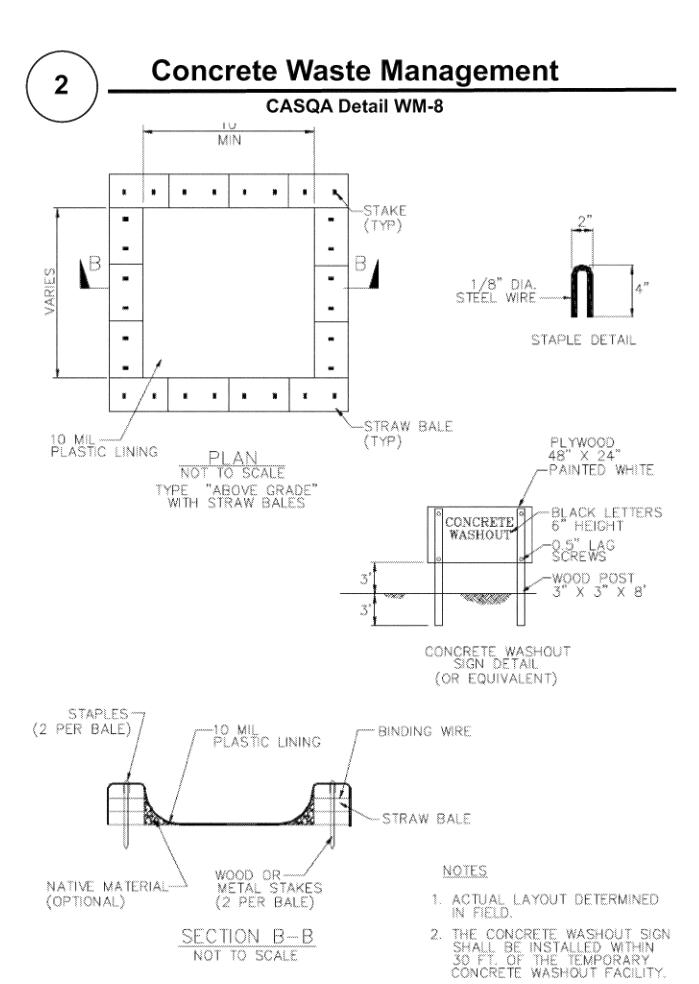


1. Intended for short-term use.

Use to inhibit non-storm water flow.
 Allow for proper maintenance and cleanup.

4. Bags must be removed after adjacent operation is completed5. Not applicable in areas with high silts and clays without filter fabric.







Best Management Practices and Erosion Control Details Sheet 2 County of Santa Clara

