LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT

AND

POST-CONSTRUCTION

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

APPLICANT PACKET

FOR PROJECTS IN SOUTH SANTA CLARA COUNTY



COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA





PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name:	Castrejon - Bannister Avenue	APN#: _	830-16-022, 026
Project Address:	Bannister Avenue		
Cross Streets	Bannister Avenue and New A	venue	
Applicant/Developer	Name: Carlos Castrejon		
Project Phase(s): <u>1</u>	of Engineer:William M	McClintock - I	MH Engineering
🔳 Residentia 🗆 Restauran	all that apply): ■ New Development □ I □ Commercial □ Industrial □ Mix t □ Uncovered Parking □ Retail Gas Ou	ed Use 🗆 Publ	ic 🛛 Institutional
Project Description:	Construct new house with garage	e, detached g	arage and driveway.

Project Watershed/Receiving Water (creek, river): Central Coast Watershed

1. Total Project Area	22,105	ft²
2. Pre-Project		
(a) Impervious Area	0	ft²
(b) Pervious Area	22,105	ft²
3. Post-Project		
(a) Replaced Impervious Area	0	ft²
(b) New Impervious Area	4,837	ft²
(c) Total Post-Project Impervious Area (sum of Line 3a and Line 3	<i>b</i>) 4,837	ft²
(d) Post-Project Pervious Area	17,178	ft²
Net Impervious Area		
4. Reduced Impervious Area Credit (Line 2a minus Line 3c)	0	ft²
5. Net Impervious Area (Line 3c minus Line 4)	4,837	ft²

Post Construction Stormwater Management Requirements *Project Requirements Determination*



- 6. Is Line 3c greater than or equal to 2,500 sq. ft?
 - □ No, the project does not need to meet Post-Construction Stormwater Management Requirements **STOP HERE**.

Yes, the project is subject to Performance Requirement No. 1: Site Design and Runoff Reduction. Complete the **Site Design and Runoff Reduction Checklist** on **Page 4**. Continue to #7.

7. Is the Project a <u>detached single-family home</u>?

□ No, go to #8.

Yes, continue to #7.a. below.

7a. Is Line #5, Net Impervious Area greater than or equal to 15,000 sq ft?

No, the project does not have any additional requirements – **STOP HERE**.

- Yes, this project is subject to Performance Requirement No. 2: Water Quality Treatment.
 Complete the Water Quality Treatment Checklist on Page 6. Continue to #7.b.
- Yes, this project is subject to Performance Requirement No. 3: Runoff Retention.
 Complete the Runoff Retention Checklists on Pages 8-11. Continue to #7.b.
- 7b. Is Line #3.c, amount of impervious surface created and/or replaced, greater than or equal to 22,500 sq ft?
 - □ No, go to #12.
 - Yes, this project is subject to Performance Requirement No. 4: Peak Management (refer to the Stormwater Management Guidance Manual for instructions).
 Go to #12.
- 8. <u>For projects that are not detached single family homes</u>, is Line #5, Net Impervious Area, greater than or equal to 5,000 sq ft?
 - □ No, the project does not have any additional requirements **STOP HERE**.
 - Yes, this project is subject to Performance Requirement No. 2 Water Quality Treatment.
 Complete the Water Quality Treatment Checklist on Page 6. Continue to #9.



9. Is Line #3.c, amount of impervious surface created and/or replaced, greater than or equal to 15,000 sq ft?

□ No, go to #11.

- Yes, this project is subject to Performance Requirement No. 3 Runoff Retention.
 Complete all Runoff Retention Checklists on Pages 8-11, as applicable.
 Continue to #10.
- 10. Is Line #3.c, amount of impervious surface created and/or replaced, greater than or equal to 22,500 sq ft?
 - □ No. Continue to #11.
 - Yes, this project is subject to Performance Requirement No. 4: Peak Management (refer to the Stormwater Management Guidance Manual for instructions). Continue to #11.
- 11. Is there a pollutant generating activity or source included in the project (e.g., restaurants, grocery stores, food service operations, outdoor storage, vehicle service facilities, retail gas outlets, outdoor parking lots, loading docks, pools, spas, or fountains)?
 - □ No, go to #12.
 - Yes, your Project is required to implement structural or operational source control measures.
 Complete the Source Control Checklist on page 5. Continue to #12.

12. **Operation and Maintenance Information**

- a) Property Owner's Name ______
- b) Responsible Party for Stormwater Treatment/Hydromodification Control O&M:
 - i. Name:
 - ii. Address:
- iii. Phone/E-mail: _____
- 13. Submit a Stormwater Control Plan with the required information, and complete the **Stormwater Control Plan Checklist** on page 12.
 - 🗆 Yes
 - 🗆 No

File No.:_____

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT NO. 1: SITE DESIGN AND RUNOFF REDUCTION

Certification

	DESIGN STRATEGY	INCORPORATED INTO PROJECT?
1.	Limit disturbance of creeks and natural drainage features.	
2.	Minimize compaction of highly permeable soils.	
3.	Limit clearing and grading of native vegetation at the site to the minimum area needed to build the project, allow access, and provide fire protection.	
4.	Minimize impervious surfaces by concentrating improvements on the least sensitive areas of the site, while leaving the remaining land in a natural undisturbed state.	
5.	Minimize stormwater runoff by implementing one or more of the following design measures:	
	a) Direct roof runoff into cisterns or rain barrels for reuse.	
	 b) Direct roof runoff onto vegetated areas safely away from building foundations and footings. 	
	c) Direct runoff from sidewalks, walkways, and/or patios onto vegetated areas safely away from building foundations and footings.	
	 d) Direct runoff from driveways and/or uncovered parking lots onto vegetated areas safely away from building foundations and footings. 	
	e) Construct bike lanes, driveways, uncovered parking lots, sidewalks, walkways, and patios with permeable surfaces.	
l,	William J. McClintock , acting as the Project Engineer for <u>Ca</u>	arlos Castrejon
projec	t, located at	ate that the Site
Desigr	and Runoff Reduction design strategies indicated above have been incorpora	ated into the design
of the	project.	3/11/2021
Signat	ure Date	

File No.:_____

On-site Source Control Measures	Incorporated Into Project?
Wash area/racks, drain to sanitary sewer or septic system ¹	
Covered dumpster area, drain to sanitary sewer/septic system ¹ or landscaped area	
Accessible cleanout for draining swimming pool/spa/fountain	
Parking garage floor drains plumbed to sanitary sewer ¹	
Fire sprinkler test water/condensate drain lines drain to sanitary sewer/septic system ¹ or landscaped area	
Interior floor drains/boiler drain lines plumbed to sanitary sewer	
Beneficial landscaping/IPM (minimize irrigation, runoff, pesticides and fertilizers; promotes treatment)	
Outdoor material storage protection	
Covers, drains for loading docks, maintenance bays, fueling areas	
Maintenance (pavement sweeping, catch basin cleaning, good housekeeping)	
Storm drain labeling	
Other ² Impervious areas drain to vegetated swales for treatment and metering	

SOURCE CONTROL CHECKLIST

Notes:

¹ Subject to sanitary sewer authority and/or Department of Environmental Health requirements.

² See CASQA Stormwater BMP Handbook for New Development and Redevelopment for additional BMPs for vehicle service repair facilities, fuel dispensing areas, industrial processes, rooftop equipment and other pollutant generating activities and sources.

https://www.casqa.org/resources/bmp-handbooks/new-development-redevelopment-bmp-handbook

Post Construction Stormwater Management Requirements Performance Requirement No. 2 - Certification

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT NO. 2: WATER QUALITY TREATMENT

Certification

ON-SITE WATER QUALITY TREATMENT MEASURES

- 1. Low Impact Development (LID) Treatment Systems designed to retain stormwater runoff generated by the 85th percentile 24-hour storm. Stormwater Control Measures Implement (check all that apply, design documentation is required)
 - a) Harvesting and Use,
 - b) Infiltration,
 - c) Evapotranspiration
- Biofiltration Treatment Systems¹ with the following design parameters: 2.
 - a) Maximum surface loading rate appropriate to prevent erosion, scour and channeling within the biofiltration treatment system itself and equal to 5 inches per hour, based on the flow of runoff produced from a rain event equal to or at least:
 - (a) 0.2 inches per hour intensity; or
 - (b) Two times the 85th percentile hourly rainfall intensity for the applicable area, based on historical records of hourly rainfall depth
 - b) Minimum surface reservoir volume equal to the biofiltration treatment system surface area times a depth of 6 inches
 - c) Minimum planting medium depth of 24 inches. The planting medium must sustain a minimum infiltration rate of 5 inches per hour throughout the life of the project and must maximize runoff retention and pollutant removal. A mixture of sand (60%-70%) meeting the specifications of American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) C33 and compost (30%-40%) may be used. A Project may utilize an alternative planting medium if it demonstrates its planting medium is equal to or more effective at attenuating pollutants than the specified planting medium mixture.
 - d) Proper plant selection²
 - e) Subsurface drainage/storage (gravel) layer with an area equal to the biofiltration treatment system surface area and having a minimum depth of 12 inches
 - f) Underdrain with discharge elevation at top of gravel layer
 - g) No compaction of soils beneath the biofiltration facility (ripping/loosening of soils required if compacted)

N/A - Project is in Tier 1

INCORPORATED?

File No.:



			Checklist	File No.:	
	h)		ers or other barriers interfering with infiltration, except for situ lateral infiltration is not technically feasible	lations	
3.			ntion Based Treatment Systems – designed to meet at least one	of the	
	foll	owing	nydraulic sizing criteria:		
		(a)	Volume Hydraulic Design Basis – Treatment systems whose p mode of action depends on volume capacity shall be designed to stormwater runoff equal to the volume of runoff generated by th percentile 24-hour storm event, based on local rainfall data.	o treat	
		(b)	 Flow Hydraulic Design Basis – Treatment systems whose primary of action depends on flow capacity shall be sized to treat: (i) The flow of runoff produced by a rain event equal to at leatimes the 85th percentile hourly rainfall intensity for applicable area, based on historical records of hourly redepths; or (ii) The flow of runoff resulting from a rain event equal to at leatinches per hour intensity. 	ist two or the rainfall	
I, _			, acting as the Project Engineer for _		
pro	ject	, locat	ed at, here	by state tha	t the Water
Qua	ality	' Treat	ment Measures indicated above have been incorporated in	to the desig	n of the
pro	ject				

Signature

Date

¹ Facilities or a combination of facilities, of a different design than in Item #2 may be permitted if all of the following measures of equivalent effectiveness are demonstrated: 1) equal or greater amount of runoff infiltrated or evapotranspired; 2) equal or lower pollutant concentrations in runoff that is discharged after biofiltration; 3) equal or greater protection against shock loading and spills; and 4) equal or greater accessibility and ease of inspection and maintenance.

² Technical guidance for designing bioretention facilities is available from the Central Coast LID Initiative. The guidance includes design specifications and plant lists appropriate for the Central Coast climate. (http://www.centralcoastlidi.org/Central_Coast_LIDI/LID_Structural_BMPs.html)

Post Construction Stormwater Management Requirements Performance Requirement No. 3 – Design Rainfall Events & Treatment Requirement for WMZs

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT NO. 3 – RUNOFF RETENTION

Design Rainfall Events & Treatment Requirements for Watershed Management Zones (WMZs)¹

WMZ ²	Treatment Options & Design Rainfall	Check Applicable WMZs
WMZ 1	Via optimized infiltration ³ , prevent offsite discharge from events up to the 95 th percentile 24-hour rainfall event as determined from local rainfall data.	
WMZ 2	Via storage, rainwater harvesting, infiltration, and/or evapotranspiration, prevent offsite discharge from events up to the 95 th percentile 24-hour rainfall event as determined from local rainfall data.	
WM 4 *	Via optimized infiltration ² , prevent offsite discharge from events up to the 95 th percentile 24-hour rainfall event as determined from local rainfall data.	
WMZ 5	Via optimized infiltration ² prevent offsite discharge from events up to the 85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall event as determined from local rainfall data.	
WMZ 6	Via storage, rainwater harvesting, infiltration, and/or evapotranspiration, prevent offsite discharge from events up to the 85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall event as determined from local rainfall data.	
WMZ 9	Via storage, rainwater harvesting, infiltration, and/or evapotranspiration, prevent offsite discharge from events up to the 85 th percentile 24-hour rainfall event as determined from local rainfall data.	
WMZ 10 *	Via optimized infiltration ² , prevent offsite discharge from events up to the 95 th percentile 24-hour rainfall event as determined from local rainfall data	

1. Includes only those WMZs located in Santa Clara County.

2. Use the Santa Clara County Department of Planning and Development Online Property Profile database to determine the WMZ in which your project is located: <u>http://www.sccplanning.org/gisprofile/</u>

Search for your project site by APN or Address to retrieve the Property Profile. At the bottom of the property profile page, under Special Resources/Hazards/Constraints Areas, look for the "Central Coast Watershed Management Zone Value".

3. Storage, rainwater harvesting, and/or evapotranspiration may be used when infiltration is optimized.

* Applicable only to those areas that overlay designated Groundwater Basins.

N/A - Project is in Tier 1

Post Construction Stormwater Management Requirements Performance Requirement No. 3 – LID Site Assessment Checklist

File No.:_____

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT NO. 3 – RUNOFF RETENTION

LID Site Assessment Checklist

ITEMS T	O DOCUMENT:	INCLUDED IN PROJECT DOCUMENTS?
1.	Site topography	
2.	Hydrologic features including contiguous natural areas, wetlands, watercourses, seeps, or springs	
3.	Depth to seasonal high groundwater	
4.	Locations of groundwater wells used for drinking water	
5.	Depth to an impervious layer such as bedrock	
6.	Presence of unique geology (e.g., karst)	
7.	Geotechnical hazards	
8.	Documented soil and/or groundwater contamination	
9.	Soil types and hydrologic soil groups	
10.	Vegetative cover/trees	
11.	Run-on characteristics (source and estimated runoff from offsite which discharges to the project area)	
12.	Existing drainage infrastructure for the site and nearby areas including the location of municipal storm drains	
13.	Structures including retaining walls	
14.	Utilities	
15.	Easements	
16.	Covenants	
17.	Zoning/Land Use	
18.	Setbacks	
19.	Open space requirements	
20.	Other pertinent overlay(s)	

Post Construction Stormwater Management Requirements *Performance Requirement No. 3 – LID Site Design Measures*

File No.:_____

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT NO. 3 – RUNOFF RETENTION

LID Site Design Measures

The Project Engineer shall certify the Project design optimizes the use of the following design measures to augment the design strategies required by Performance Requirement No. 1. Initial each runoff retention measure that has been incorporated and optimized into the design or mark NA if not applicable.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT NO. 3 CERTIFICATION OF LID SITE DESIGN MEASURES

	DESIGN MEASURE	INCORPORATED/ OPTIMIZED
1.	Defining the development envelope, identifying the protected areas, and identifying areas that are most suitable for development and areas to be left undisturbed	
2.	Identifying conserved natural areas, including existing trees, other vegetation, and soils (shown on the plans)	
3.	Limit the overall impervious footprint of the project	
4.	Design of streets, sidewalks, or parking lot aisles to the minimum widths necessary, provided that public safety or mobility uses are not compromised	
5.	Set back development from creeks, wetlands, and riparian habitats	
6.	Design conforms the site layout along natural landforms	
7.	Design avoids excessive grading and disturbance of vegetation and soils	
I,	, acting as the Project Engineer for	
projec	t, located at, hereby state	e that LID Site
Desigr	n Measures initialed have been incorporated into the design of the project	
Signat	ure Date	

N/A - Project is in Tier 1

Post Construction Stormwater Management Requirements Technical Infeasibility Checklist

File No.:_____

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT NO. 3 – RUNOFF RETENTION

TECHNICAL INFEASIBILITY CHECKLIST

	Site Conditions	Check
		Applicable
1.	Depth to seasonal high groundwater limits infiltration and/or prevents construction of subgrade stormwater control measures ³	
2.	Depth to an impervious layer such as bedrock limits infiltration	
3.	Sites where soil types significantly limit infiltration	
4.	Sites where pollutant mobilization in the soil or groundwater is a documented concern	
5.	Space constraints (e.g., infill projects, some redevelopment projects, high density development)	
6.	Geotechnical hazards	
7.	Stormwater Control Measures located within 100 feet of a groundwater well used for drinking water	
8.	Incompatibility with surrounding drainage system (e.g., project drains to an existing stormwater collection system whose elevation or location precludes connection to a properly functioning treatment or flow control facility)	

³ According to the CASQA Frequently Asked Questions about LID, "some MS4 permits and BMP guidance manuals require anywhere from 3-10 feet of separation from the groundwater level for infiltration practices. This distance depends on the soil type, pollutants of concern, and groundwater use. In some cases, however, where there may be groundwater or soil contamination, LID infiltrative practices may be restricted completely. (p. 7 in https://www.casqa.org/Portals/0/LID/CA_LID_FAQ_06-28-2011.pdf)

File No.:_____

STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN CHECKLIST

Stormwater Control Plan Required Contents		
	Level	Done?
1. Project Information	All	
Project name		
Application number		
Address and assessor's parcel number		
Name of Applicant		
Project Phase number (if project is being constructed in phases)		
• Project Type (e.g., commercial, industrial, multi-unit residential, mixed-use, public), and description		
2. Project Areas	All	
Total project site area		
Total new impervious surface area		
Total replaced impervious surface area		
Total new pervious area		
Calculation of Net Impervious Area		
3. Statement of Performance Requirements that apply to the project:		
Performance Requirement No.1 – Site Design and Runoff Reduction		
Performance Requirement No.2 – Water Quality Treatment		
Performance Requirement No. 3 – Runoff Retention		
Performance Requirement No. 4 – Peak Management		
4. Delineation of Drainage Management Areas (DMAs)	All	
5. Summary of Site Design and Runoff Reduction Performance Requirement measures selected for the project (see PR-1 checklist)	PR-1	
6. Description of Runoff Reduction Measures and Structural Stormwater Control Measures, by Drainage Management Area and for entire site	PR-2, 3, and 4	
7. Water quality treatment calculations used to comply with the Water Quality Treatment Performance Requirement and any analysis to support infeasibility determination		
8. Documentation certifying that the selection, sizing, and design of the Stormwater Control Measures meet the full or partial Water Quality Treatment Performance Requirements (see PR-2 checklist)	PR-2	

E i l	No.:	
F 11	 140 -	

Stormwater Control Plan Required Contents	PR	
	Level	Done?
9. Statement that Water Quality Treatment Performance Requirement has been met on-site, or, if not achievable:	PR-2	
 Documentation of the volume of runoff for which compliance cannot be achieved on-site and the associated off-site compliance requirements 		
 Statement of intent to comply with Water Quality Treatment Performance Requirement through Alternative Compliance 		
10. LID Site Assessment Summary (see PR-3 checklist)	PR-3	
11. LID Site Design Measures Used (see PR-3 checklist)	PR-3	
12. Supporting calculations used to comply with the applicable Runoff Retention Performance Requirements	PR-3	
13. Documentation demonstrating infeasibility where Site Design and Runoff Reduction measures and retention-based Stormwater Control Measures cannot retain required runoff volume	PR-3	
14. Documentation demonstrating percentage of the project's Equivalent Impervious Surface Area dedicated to retention-based Stormwater Control Measures	PR-3	
15. Statement that Runoff Reduction Performance Requirement has been met on-site, or, if not achievable:	PR-3	
 Documentation of the volume of runoff for which compliance cannot be achieved on-site and the associated off-site compliance requirements 		
 Statement of intent to comply with Runoff Retention Performance Requirements through an Alternative Compliance agreement 		
16. Supporting calculations used to comply with the applicable Peak Management Performance Requirements	PR-4	
17. Documentation demonstrating infeasibility where on-site compliance with Peak Management Performance Requirements cannot be achieved	PR-4	
18. Statement that Peak Management Performance Requirement has been met on- site, or, if not achievable:		
 Documentation of the volume of runoff for which compliance cannot be achieved on-site and the associated off-site compliance requirements 		
Statement of intent to comply with Peak Management Requirements through an Alternative Compliance agreement		
19. O&M Plan for all structural SCMs to ensure long-term performance	PR-2, 3, and 4	
20. Owner of facilities and responsible party for conducting O&M	PR-2, 3, and 4	