

Use of Ornamental or Non-native Landscaping

Handout 5-B of 7

If the use of local native plants propagated from local stock does not fit your landscaping goals, choose non-native ornamentals or non-local natives.

Non-native ornamentals

Choose non-invasive and drought-tolerant, non-native ornamental plants having no potential to cross pollinate native riparian species. For example, if native valley and coast live oaks, willows, sycamores or cottonwoods exist in the riparian corridor at or near your site, don't plant ornamental oaks, willows, sycamores or poplars.

Non-local natives

Choose non-invasive, drought tolerant, non-local California natives— also referred to as ornamental natives— with no potential to cross-pollinate local native species; for example- *Fremontodendron* or *Romneya*.

Non-local California native plants

These California native plants have a very low potential of hybridizing with Santa Clara County natives since they do not naturally occur in northern California.

Trees

- Desert willow (*Chilopsis linearis*)
- Catalina ironwood (*Lyonothamnus floribundus*)
- Mesquite (*Prosopis glandulosa* var. *torreyana*)

Shrubs

- Flannel bush (*Fremontodendron californicum* or *Fremontodendron mexicanum*)
- Island bush Snapdragon (*Galvesia speciosa*)
- Lemonade berry (*Rhus integrifolia*)
- Sugar bush (*Rhus ovata*)
- Matilija poppy (*Romneya coulteri*)
- Jojoba (*Simmondsia chinensis*)

Plant selection guide

When selecting plants and choosing their location in an ornamental landscape, the project design goals are generally geared to human occupancy and aesthetics. Hardscape features, such as patios, decks and walkways, are usually desired design components, yet these features should be avoided within the riparian habitat area.

There are vast choices of plants to meet the criteria for non-native ornamentals and ornamental native landscaping. The species selected will depend on the goals of the landscape plan, site constraints, the owner's desires and budget.

There are a variety of resources from which to select plants.. The East Bay Municipal Utility District has prepared a helpful book, entitled "Plants and Landscapes for Summer Dry Climates." The Sunset Western Garden Book lists plant selections that are suitable for both dry and moist places. Cities generally have plant lists assembled for water conservation purposes.

When making selections, avoid invasive plants and make sure that native species have been propagated from local natives in your watershed.



Flannel bush (*Fremontodendron californicum*)

continued on back...

Commonly found invasive species to avoid

Excerpted from *Guidelines and Standards for Land Use Near Streams*

Acacia

Acacia spp.

Almond

Prunus dulcis

Ash, evergreen

Fraxinus uhdei

Bamboo, running types

Arundinaria, *Chimonobambusa*,
Phyllostachys, etc.

Black locust

Robinia pseudoacacia

Broom, french

Genista monspessulana, previously
Cytisus monspessulanus

Broom, scotch

Cytisus scoparius

Broom, spanish

Spartium junceum

Cape weed

Arctotheca calendula

Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster spp.

Elm

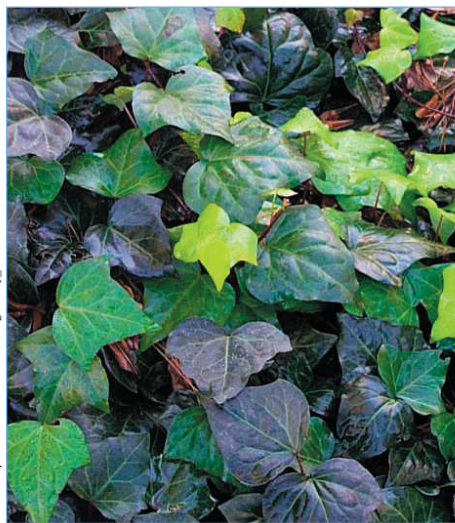
Ulmus spp.

Eucalyptus

Eucalyptus spp.

Fig

Ficus carica



English Ivy (*Hedera helix*)

Flowering plum, fruitful varieties

Prunus spp.

Fountain grass

Pennisetum setaceum); purple variety
"cupreum" is sterile and acceptable

Foxglove

Digitalis purpurea

Giant reed

Arundo donax

Glossy privet

Ligustrum lucidum

Gorse

Ulex europaea

Himalayan blackberry

Rubus discolor

Holly oak

Quercus ilex

Iceplants

Carpobrotus edulis, *C. Chilensis*,
Mesembryanthemum spp.

Ivy, algerian

Hedera canariensis

Ivy, cape

Delairea odorata, previously
Senecio mikanioides

Ivy, english

Hedera helix

Kikuyu grass

Pennisetum clandestinum

Lemon balm

Melissa officinalis

Lombardy poplar

Populus nigra 'italica'

London plane tree

Platanus acerifolia

Mint of any kind, including pennyroyal, peppermint, spearmint

Mentha spp.

Monterey pine

Pinus radiata



Periwinkle (*Vinca major*)

Myoporum

Myoporum laetum

Olive

Olea europaea

Pampas grass, jubata grass

Cortaderia selloana, *C. Jubata*

Pepper trees

Schinus spp.

Periwinkle

Vinca major

Pyracantha

Pyracantha spp.

Tamarisk, salt cedar

Tamarix spp.

Tree of heaven

Ailanthus altissima

Walnut, english or black

Juglans regia,
J. californica var. *Hindsii*



Iceplant